Sub. Code

70511

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

## First Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

## MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS

# (2023 onwards)

Dura	tion :	3 Hours		Maximum: 75 Marks
		Par	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer	<b>all</b> qu	uestions.
1.	scier	was the fintific methods in ma		o insist on the introduction of ement.
	(a)	F.W. Taylor	(b)	Henry Fayol
	(c)	Mintzberg	(d)	Max Weber
2.	rece		_	ies that the employee should superior for any activity.
	(a)	Discipline	(b)	Unity of command
	(c)	Unity of direction	(d)	Scalar chain
3.	polic	_	ence	of activity to implement the
	(a)	Rules	(b)	Strategies
	(c)	Programmes	(d)	Projects
4.		guides for	decis	sion making.
	(a)	Rule	(b)	Policy
	(c)	Procedure	(d)	Method

(a)	General in nat	ure							
(b)	Tangible, Verif	iable an	d measurable						
(c)	Easy to attain								
(d)	Easy to create	and dev	elop						
	ouping the activities on the basis of the product line is part of ————.								
(a)	Formal organis	sation							
(b)	Divisional stru	cture							
(c)	Informal organ	isation							
(d)	Functional stru	ıcture							
	tecicipate in the de		the workers are allowed taking process.						
(a)	Autocratic	(b)	Democratic						
(c)	Free rein	(d)	Social						
(a) (b)	-								
(d)	Authority								
to th	e superior posit		n flows from the subordinate						
(a)	Downward	(b)	Horizontal						
(c)	Upward	(d)	Formal						
	ordination among erent sections are		ferent departmental heads, oles of ————.						
(a)	Internal co-ord	ination							
(b)	External co-ord	lination							
(c)	Vertical intern	al co-orc	lination						
(d)	Horizontal inte	ernal co-	ordination						
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Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Define management and write the scope of management.

Or

- (b) Write the importance of managerial skills.
- 12. (a) Define MBO. Write its importance.

Or

- (b) Write a note on rationality in decision making.
- 13. (a) What are elements of organisation?

Or

- (b) Write the advantages of "Departmentation by Function".
- 14. (a) What are the principles of direction?

Or

- (b) Define motivation. Give a brief note on importance of motivation.
- 15. (a) What do you mean by control? Write its objectives.

Or

(b) Give a brief note on objectives of budgetary control.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Discuss the contributions of F.W. Taylor to management thought.

Or

- (b) Explain Hawthorne experiments and their significance.
- 17. (a) Elaborately explain the steps involved in the planning process.

Or

- (b) Describe the process involved in making a decision.
- 18. (a) Explain the process and principles of delegation.

Or

- (b) Discuss the nature, benefits and limitations of decentralisation.
- 19. (a) Examine the Maslow's hierarchy theory of motivation.

Or

- (b) Define communication. Discuss the communication process in an organisation.
- 20. (a) Elaborately examine the process of control.

Or

(b) Explain the non budgetary control techniques.

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# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

## First Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

# FOOD AND BEVERAGE MANAGEMENT

	(2023	onw	vards)				
ration	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks				
	Par	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$				
	Answer	<b>all</b> q	uestions.				
	ch of the following agement?	is an	n important factor of material				
(a)	Utilisation of prop	er re	esources				
(b)	Utilisation of natu	ıral r	resources				
(c)	Utilisation of mat	erial					
(d)	(d) Utilisation of cost per use						
	———is an elem	ient c	of material control.				
(a)	Purchase control	(b)	Material control				
(c)	Sales control	(d)	Cost control				
	chase manager show erials.	ald ki	now the exact — of				
(a)	Procedure	(b)	Strategy				
(c)	Specification	(d)	Policy				
	is a rack	, con	ntainer or space where goods				
(a)	Store	(b)	Shelf				
(c)	Baggage	(d)	Bin				

c) Fixed cost (d) Semi variable cost  ———————————————————————————————————	(a)	Variable cost	(b)	Direct cost
coming into the cellar, and passing data for the ceman's bin cards.  (a) Cellar control book (b) Inventory ledger (c) Cellar outwards book (d) Cellar inwards book  SOP stand for ———————————————————————————————————	(c)	Fixed cost	(d)	Semi variable cost
man's bin cards.  (a) Cellar control book (b) Inventory ledger (c) Cellar outwards book (d) Cellar inwards book  SOP stand for —————.  (a) Service operation protocol (b) Standard operating procedure (c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?  (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————		provide	accura	ate reference to all beverage
(a) Cellar control book (b) Inventory ledger (c) Cellar outwards book (d) Cellar inwards book SOP stand for			ır, and	passing data for the cellar
(b) Inventory ledger (c) Cellar outwards book (d) Cellar inwards book  SOP stand for ——————.  (a) Service operation protocol (b) Standard operating procedure (c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?  (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————			olz	
(c) Cellar outwards book (d) Cellar inwards book  SOP stand for ————.  (a) Service operation protocol (b) Standard operating procedure (c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan? (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	` /			
(d) Cellar inwards book  SOP stand for ————.  (a) Service operation protocol (b) Standard operating procedure (c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?  (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	` ′	·		
<ul> <li>(a) Service operation protocol</li> <li>(b) Standard operating procedure</li> <li>(c) Service open procedure</li> <li>(d) Standard organizing procedure</li> <li>Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?</li> <li>(a) Brandy (b) Rum</li> <li>(c) Gin (d) Whisky</li> <li>Which of the following glass should use to serve brand</li> <li>(a) Snifter (b) Shot</li> <li>(c) Rolly polly (d) Highball</li> <li>is commonly used in small and in exclusive type of catering units.</li> <li>(a) Manual system</li> <li>(b) Automated system</li> <li>(c) Born manual and automated system</li> </ul>	` ′			
(b) Standard operating procedure (c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan? (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	SOF	stand for ———		
(c) Service open procedure (d) Standard organizing procedure Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan? (a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	(a)	Service operation	n proto	col
(d) Standard organizing procedure  Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?  (a) Brandy (b) Rum  (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand  (a) Snifter (b) Shot  (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	(b)	Standard operat	ing pro	ocedure
Which liquor can be served as base for Manhattan?  (a) Brandy (b) Rum  (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand  (a) Snifter (b) Shot  (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	(c)	Service open pro	cedure	
(a) Brandy (b) Rum (c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand (a) Snifter (b) Shot (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  is commonly used in small and in exclustype of catering units. (a) Manual system (b) Automated system (c) Born manual and automated system	(d)	Standard organi	zing pr	rocedure
(c) Gin (d) Whisky  Which of the following glass should use to serve brand  (a) Snifter (b) Shot  (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  is commonly used in small and in exclustype of catering units.  (a) Manual system  (b) Automated system  (c) Born manual and automated system	Whi	ch liquor can be se	erved a	s base for Manhattan?
Which of the following glass should use to serve brand  (a) Snifter (b) Shot  (c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	(a)	Brandy	(b)	Rum
<ul> <li>(a) Snifter</li> <li>(b) Shot</li> <li>(c) Rolly polly</li> <li>(d) Highball</li> <li>————————————————————————————————————</li></ul>	(c)	Gin	(d)	Whisky
(c) Rolly polly (d) Highball  ——————————————————————————————————	Whi	ch of the following	glass	should use to serve brandy.
is commonly used in small and in exclusive of catering units.  (a) Manual system  (b) Automated system  (c) Born manual and automated system	(a)	Snifter	(b)	Shot
<ul> <li>type of catering units.</li> <li>(a) Manual system</li> <li>(b) Automated system</li> <li>(c) Born manual and automated system</li> </ul>	(c)	Rolly polly	(d)	Highball
<ul><li>(a) Manual system</li><li>(b) Automated system</li><li>(c) Born manual and automated system</li></ul>		is comm	only u	sed in small and in exclusive
<ul><li>(b) Automated system</li><li>(c) Born manual and automated system</li></ul>	type	of catering units.		
(c) Born manual and automated system	(a)	Manual system		
	(b)	Automated syste	em	
(d) Machine system	(c)	Born manual an	d autoi	mated system
	(d)	Machine system		
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Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write the objective of food and beverage control.

Or

- (b) List out the duties and responsibilities of receiving officer.
- 12. (a) Briefly explain the following.
  - (i) Cellar inwards books
  - (ii) Empty's return book

Or

- (b) Draw the layout of storage are in F and B department and explain.
- 13. (a) Write the advantages of standard recipe.

Or

- (b) List down any ten measuring devices used by bartenders and write its uses.
- 14. (a) What is cost? Write its elements.

Or

- (b) Define menu engineering. Write its objectives.
- 15. (a) What is food court report? How the food cost can be computed?

Or

(b) Give a brief note on cashier banking system in F and B department.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the factors affecting food and beverage management.

Or

- (b) Explain the duties and responsibilities of purchase manager.
- 17. (a) Elaborate the various methods of issuing beverages.

Or

- (b) Compile a eleven course French menu for 100 pan in a birthday party and explain in detail.
- 18. (a) Explain the basic concept of beverage costing.

Or

- (b) Explain the various method of forecasting price.
- 19. (a) Explain the various books maintained for beverage control.

Or

- (b) Explain the different types of frauds carried by customer and waiter in a bar.
- 20. (a) Define menu. Compile a eleven course French classical menu with food and wine accompaniment and explain in detail.

Or

(b) Explain the various new technologies introduced in F and B department for effective service.

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# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### First Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

# FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

#### (2023 onwards)

		(======================================	
Dur	ration	: 3 Hours	Maximum : 75 Marks
		Part A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer all question	ns.
1.	Acc	ounting is done through the	·
	(a)	Record of transactions	
	(b)	Classify assets	
	(c)	Apply costing techniques	
	(d)	Prepare budgets	
2.	Non	ninal accounts of debit will be_	·
	(a)	Expenses or loss	
	(b)	Receiver	
	(c)	Income or gain	
	(d)	What comes in	
3.		he case of sectional balancing is le by	s only General ledger is
	(a)	Debtor's balancing	
	(b)	Creditor's balancing	
	(c)	Self-balancing	
	(d)	General balancing	

4.	One of the detailed rules used to record business
	transaction is
	<ul><li>(a) Objectivity</li><li>(b) Accruals</li></ul>
	(c) Double entry book keeping
	(d) Going concern
	(u) Going concern
5.	Quick assets are defined as cash, marketable or short-term
	(a) Securities (b) Goods
	(c) Cash (d) Documents
6.	Ratio analysis is used to evaluate relationships amongitems.
	(a) Financial statement
	(b) Cash flow statement
	(c) Fund flow statement
	(d) All of the above
7.	The current ratio is also called
	(a) Working capital ratio
	(b) Profitability ratio
	(c) Liquid ratio
	(d) All of the above
8.	Error of omission means
	(a) Mistake in journal
	(b) Omitting an entry
	(c) Omitting a date
	(d) Omitting one page
9.	Which one of the following is not a functional budget?
	(a) Sales budget
	(b) Purchasing budget
	(c) Production budget
	(d) Budgeted balance sheet
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- 10. Summary budget may be regarded as:
  - (a) Functional budgets
  - (b) Performance budget
  - (c) Master budget
  - (d) Sales budget

Capital

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b)

11. (a) Compare cost accounting and management accounting.

Or

- (b) Explain the role and functions of financial manager in a modern business.
- 12. (a) Ram purchased a machine on 1st December, 2020 for 6,00,000 plus CGST and SGST @ 6% each. He paid Rs. 20,000 for loading/unloading and carriage expenses to bring the machine to factory. He further incurred Rs. 25,000 for installing the machine. Determine
  - (i) How much amount did Subhash pay to the vendor of Machine?
  - (ii) How much amount will be debited to Machinery Account?
  - (iii) Pass the Journal entries giving effect to the transaction.

Or

(b) A book-keeper submitted to you the following Trial Balance, which he has not been able to agree. Rewrite the Trial Balance, correcting the mistakes committed by him.

Dr. Cr. 14,000

Drawings 3,250

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	Dr.	Cr.
Stock (1-1-2020)	17,445	
Returns Inwards		554
Carriage Inwards	1,240	
Deposit with Anand Gupta		1,375
Returns Outwards	840	
Carriage Outwards		725
Loan to Ashok @ 5% given on 1-1-2020		1,000
Interest on the above		25
Rent	820	
Rent outstanding	130	
Stock (31-12-2020)		18,792
Purchases	12,970	
Debtors	4,000	
Goodwill	1,730	
Creditors		2,000
Advertisement Expenses	954	
SGST Payable		1,000
CGST Payable		1,000
Provision for Doubtful Debts		1,200
Bad Debts	400	
Patents and Patterns	500	
Cash	62	
Sales		27,914
Discount allowed		330
Wages	754	
	45,095	69,915

13. (a) What it trend analysis? Illustrate it with suitable example.

Or

(b) Explain the types of financial statements used in business.

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14. (a) Express the importance of fund flow statement.

Or

- (b) What is meant by schedule of changes in working capital? Illustrate it with suitable example.
- 15. (a) How budgetary control helps as a management tool?

Or

(b) Explain the term "Limiting Factor".

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) 'Management Accounting is accounting for effective management' – Explain this statement.

Or

- (b) Describe fully the limitations of financial accounting and point out how management accounting helps in overcoming them.
- 17. (a) 'Capital expenditures and deferred revenue expenditures need to be apportioned to determine true income' Explain.

Or

(b) The following Trial Balance has been prepared wrongly. You are asked to prepare the Trial Balance correctly.

Name of the Account	Debit Balance Rs.	Credit Balance Rs.
Cash in hand		2,000
Purchases Returns	4,000	
Wages	8,000	
Establishment Expenses	12,000	

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Name of the Account	Debit Balance Rs.	Credit Balance Rs.
Sales Returns		8,000
Capital	22,000	
Carriage Outward		2,000
Discount Received	1,200	
Commission Earned	800	
Machinery		20,000
Stock		10,000
Debtors	8,000	
Creditors		12,000
Sales		44,000
Purchases	28,000	
Bank overdraft	14,000	
Manufacturing Expenses		14,000
Loan from Ashok	14,000	
Carriage Inward	1,000	
Interest on Investments		
		1,000
	1,13,000	1,13,000

18. (a) Explain the uses and limitations of accounting ratios.

Or

- (b) Discuss the significance of the following ratios to financial analyst.
  - (i) Liquidity ratios
  - (ii) Proprietary ratios
  - (iii) Market earnings ratios

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19. (a) From the following balances as at 31-12-19 and 31-12-20, prepare Funds Flow Statement:

		Balar	nce Sheets		
Liabilities	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.	Assets	2019 Rs.	2020 Rs.
Share capital	2,00,000	3,00,000	Buildings	50,000	1,50,000
Share premium	_	10,000	Machinery	2,65,000	3,05,000
Profit on redemption of debentures	_	1,000	Shares in subsidiary company	20,000	20,000
P and L A/c balance	40,000	40,000	Stock	55,000	49,000
Profit for the year	_	45,000	Debtors	15,000	18,000
5% debentures	1,00,000	75,000	Bank	25,000	48,000
Creditors	60,000	1,04,000			
Provision for Taxation A/c	20,000	5,000			
Proposed dividend	10,000	10,000			
	4,30,000	5,90,000		4,30,000	5,90,000

During the year 2020 machinery costing Rs. 7,000 was sold for Rs. 5,000; the loss on sale being charged to Profit and Loss Account

Or

(b) The following shows the balances in considered form of Pavitra Ltd. At the beginning as well as at the end of the year 1987:

Liabilities and Capital	1-1-20 Rs.	31-12-20 Rs.	Assets	1-1-20 Rs.	31-12-20 Rs.
Creditors	52,000		ash and Bank alances	45,000	45,000
Outstanding exp.	6,000	$6,500 \; \mathrm{D}$	ebtors	38,500	26,500
8% Debentures	45,000	35,000 Ir	nvestments	50,000	32,000

Liabilities and Capital	1-1-20 Rs.	31-12-20 Rs.	Assets	1-1-20 Rs.	31-12-20 Rs.
Depreciation fund	20,000	22,000	Prepaid expenses	500	1,000
Reserve for contingencies	30,000	30,000	Stock-in-trade	41,000	53,000
P and L A/c	8,000	11,500	Land and Building	77,000	77,000
Share capital	1,15,000	1,15,000	Machinery	24,000	33,000
	2,76,000	2,67,500		2,76,000	2,67,500

The following information is also available

- (i) 10% dividend was paid in cash.
- (ii) New Machinery for Rs. 15,000 was purchased but old machinery costing Rs. 6,000 was sold for Rs. 2,000 on which accumulated depreciation was Rs. 3,000.
- (iii) Rs. 10,000 8% debentures were redeemed by purchase from open market at Rs. 96 for a debenture of Rs. 100.
- (iv) Investments were sold at book value.

  Prepare a Cash Flow Statement.
- 20. (a) Explain the essentials of a successful budgetary control system. What are the steps involved in the installation of a sound budgetary control system?

Or

(b) Explain the term "key factor" in any budgeting system.

Sub. Code 70515A

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### First Semester

## **Hospitality Management**

# MSCV – ORAL COMMUNICATION AND INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. Which of these is not a barrier to listening?
  - (a) Physical barrier
  - (b) Cultural barrier
  - (c) Linguistic barrier
  - (d) Written barrier
- 2. When people belong to different religious groups discuss a topic what type of barrier will they come across?
  - (a) Physical
- (b) Linguistic
- (c) Cultural
- (d) Speech decoding
- 3. Factors contributing to poor sleep can include:
  - (a) Psychological factors
  - (b) Routine factors
  - (c) Lifestyle factors
  - (d) All of the above

<ul><li>(c) Emotional symptoms of stress</li><li>(d) Cognitive symptoms of stress</li></ul>	Aches, shallow breathing and sweating, frequent colds are							
<ul><li>(c) Emotional symptoms of stress</li><li>(d) Cognitive symptoms of stress</li><li>5. Which of these is not an element</li></ul>	Physical symptoms of stress							
<ul><li>(d) Cognitive symptoms of stress</li><li>5. Which of these is not an element</li></ul>	(b) Behavioral symptoms of stress							
5. Which of these is not an elem-	Emotional symptoms of stress							
	Cognitive symptoms of stress							
=	Which of these is not an element of the speaking technique?							
(a) Voice quality (b) Word	stress							
(c) Appearance (d) Correc	et tones							
6. Which of the following is not a key t	o effective speaking?							
(a) Projection (b) Pace								
(c) Pitch (d) Pose								
7. By the next year, we shall	_ the project work.							
(a) has completed (b) comple	eting							
(c) completed (d) have c	completed							
8. Every boy and girl in the	e class today.							
(a) are present (b) is pres	sent							
(c) have present (d) had pr	resent							
9. The students receive various opport	The students receive various opportunities through							
(a) Writing notes	(a) Writing notes							
(b) Listening to teachers	(b) Listening to teachers							
(c) Attending classes regularly	(c) Attending classes regularly							
(d) Using audio visual aids	(d) Using audio visual aids							
10. Communicare is a word	l							
(a) French (b) Latin								
(c) German (d) India								
2	C-5313							

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain Listening barriers.

Or

- (b) List out the significant steps for effective listening.
- 12. (a) How to prioritize and set boundaries in a professional environment?

Or

- (b) How to seek support at times of stress?
- 13. (a) Discuss on leadership skill.

Oı

- (b) Bring out the significant steps in delivering a speech.
- 14. (a) Explain the types of verb forms with example.

Or

- (b) Write a note on active and passive voice.
- 15. (a) How does personal appearance impact audience?

Or

(b) Explain posture and gesture.

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) What are the points to be considered while making a formal speech?

Or

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(b) Write an essay on verbal and non-verbal communication.

Or (b) What causes stress and how to overcome it? 18. (a) List some merits and demerits of group discussions. Or Write down the Do's and Don'ts of effective (b) speaking. 19. (a) Explain direct and indirect speech. Or Rearrange the words in correct order to make complete sentences. that thin boy / is drinking / milk now (i) (ii) the boys yesterday / the police / caught (iii) our pet / like / we (iv) my mother / my baby brother / is looking after has just written / a letter / the thin man (v) the students / have solved / some Mathematics (vi) problems (vii) her uncle tomorrow / will visit / Mary (viii) newspapers every day / my Professor / reads 20. How does audio-visual aids constitute to effective (a) presentation? Or (b) Write different types of audio visual aids used in classroom. C-5313

How to overcome stage fright?

17.

(a)

Sub. Code 70515B

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### First Semester

## **Hospitality Management**

#### HOTEL FACILITY MANAGEMENT

## (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all the questions.

- 1. ———— are located primarily on highways.
  - (a) Suburban hotels (b) Motels
  - (c) Resort hotels (d) Floatels
- 2. ——— are environment friendly hotels.
  - (a) Heritage hotels (b) Ecotels
    - (c) Boutique hotels (d) Spas
- 3. ———— is the superficial enrichment of structural design.
  - (a) Decorative design
  - (b) Structural design
  - (c) Basic design
  - (d) Exterior design

(a)	Line	(b)	Form
(c)	Texture	(d)	Colour
	——— is a durak	ole flat	surface used to cut food on.
(a)	Cutting board	(b)	Carving board
(c)	Knife	(d)	Egg slicer
	is used to sand stews.	o brais	se meat, cook pasta, or mak
(a)	Deep fat fryer	(b)	Convection oven
(c)	Colander	(d)	Dutch oven
		_	hly cut vegetables like leeks for flavouring a dish.
(a)	Mirepoix	(b)	Sauce
<i>(</i> )	ъ	(.1)	D 1 1
(c)	Biryani	(a)	Bechamel
` /	refer to —	` ,	Bechamel
` ,	refer to —	` ,	Bechamel
Roe	refer to ———————————————————————————————————	` ,	Bechamel
Roe (a)	refer to — Egg of Pheasant Egg of Hen	_	Bechamel
Roe (a) (b)	refer to — Egg of Pheasant Egg of Hen Egg of Sturgeon	_	Bechamel
Roe (a) (b) (c)	refer to — Egg of Pheasant Egg of Hen Egg of Sturgeon	fish	
Roe (a) (b) (c)	refer to  Egg of Pheasant  Egg of Hen  Egg of Sturgeon  Egg of Ostrich	fish	
Roe (a) (b) (c) (d) (a)	refer to  Egg of Pheasant  Egg of Hen  Egg of Sturgeon  Egg of Ostrich  operates  Restaurant	fish 24 hou (b)	rs in a hotel.
Roe (a) (b) (c) (d) (a)	refer to  Egg of Pheasant  Egg of Hen  Egg of Sturgeon  Egg of Ostrich  operates  Restaurant  Coffee shop	fish 24 hou (b) (d)	rs in a hotel. Banquet
Roe (a) (b) (c) (d) (a)	refer to  Egg of Pheasant  Egg of Hen  Egg of Sturgeon  Egg of Ostrich  operates  Restaurant  Coffee shop	fish 24 hou (b) (d)	rs in a hotel. Banquet Specialty restaurant

Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Give short notes on Apartment hotels.

Or

- (b) Write the difference between Boatels and Rotels
- 12. (a) Draw the layout of housekeeping department in a budget hotel.

Or

- (b) List down the important things to be provided in a floor pantry.
- 13. (a) List out the important kitchen safety features to be followed in kitchen.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the care and maintenance of kitchen equipment.
- 14. (a) Draw the layout of store and write the important things to be stored.

Or

- (b) Write a note on kitchen equipments checklist.
- 15. (a) Give a note on "Energy conservation".

Or

(b) Assess the practical difficulties faced by physically challenged people in a hotel.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Classify hotels and explain all.

Or

- (b) Explain the basic and important guidelines followed for classification of hotels.
- 17. (a) Explain the various design considerations taken into mind while constructing a hotel.

Or

- (b) Explain the importance of packing, walks and drives facilities in a hotel.
- 18. (a) Draw and explain the uses of various major kitchen equipments used in hotels.

Or

- (b) What do you mean by commercial kitchen? Explain with its advantages and disadvantages.
- 19. (a) What is Cellar? Explain the functions of cellar.

Or

- (b) Elaborately explain about the kitchen stewarding.
- 20. (a) Explain any two success stories of Indian hotel facilities for physically challenged guests.

Or

(b) Summarize the American norms followed in star hotel to take care of special guests.

Sub. Code 70516A

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### First Semester

#### **Hospitality Management**

## FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY CONTROL

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Section A  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. What is the minimum temperature to which ground beef should be cooked to make sure it is free from harmful bacteria?
  - (a) 220°F
- (b) 140°F
- (c)  $165^{\circ}F$
- (d) 160°F
- 2. Which of the following is not a critical factor in the growth of dangerous food borne bacteria?
  - (a) Temperature
- (b) Time
- (c) Moisture
- (d) Altitude
- 3. Use of several methods like temperature (high (or) low), control of water activity for preservation of food is known as ————
  - (a) Hurdle technology
  - (b) Mixed technology
  - (c) Stumbling technology
  - (d) Multiple technology

	(a)	owing pH of food sy 7.0	(b)	9.0			
	(c)	4.5	(d)	2.0			
5.	` ′	cum packaged mea	` ′				
·.	(a)	B.Thermosphact		sponed by			
	(b)	Lacto bacilli					
	(c)	Beth (a) and (b)					
	(d)	None of these					
6.		imum water activds to grow is———	vity re	equired for some yeasts and			
	(a)	1.00	(b)	0.65			
	(c)	1.50	(d)	2.00			
7.	Asa	factida is adultera	ted wi	th EXCEPT:			
	(a)	Starch	(b)	Clay			
	(c)	Chalk powder	(d)	Maize cob			
8.	An article of Food shall be deemed to be non-adulterated if ————						
	(a)	Any natural cons	stituer	at is removal therefrom			
	(b)	Any artificial co permissible limit		s added there to more than			
	(c)	It contains any p	rohibi	ted preservative			
	(d)	Two (or) More a together	rticles	of food (primary) are mixed			
9.	For the purposes of the FSS Act, 2006, the ———————————————————————————————————						
	(a)	Ministry of con Distribution	nsume	r Affairs, food and public			
	(b)	Ministry of Food processing industries					
	(c)	Ministry of commerce and Industry					
	(d)	Ministry of Heal	th and	family welfare			

10.	Agricultural and processed food products Exports development authority was established by the Government of India in							
	(a) December 1985 (b) December 1980							
	(c) December 1986 (d) January 1980							
	Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$							
	Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)							
11.	(a) Define food Hazards. What are the types of food Hazards?							
	Or  (b) What is the differences between food hygiene and food safety?							

preservation process are based?
Or

(b) Define 'Food preservation'. Explain the importance of food preservation with examples.

which

on

the

food

13. (a) Explain the four types of food spoilage.

Explain the principles

12.

(a)

Or

- (b) What are the most common causes of food poisoning?
- 14. (a) Ellaborate the various types of food contaminants.

Or

(b) Define food standard. Explain the Introduction to food standards.

15. (a) Examine the international food laws and regulations. Or (b) Explain U.S.P.H standard. Section C ( $5 \times 8 = 40$ )
Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) Define food safety? Explain the Importance of food safety.

Or

- (b) Compare toxic food and contaminated food.
- 17. (a) Explain the basic concept of food preservation.

Or

- (b) Compare the food preservations and food Additives.
- 18. (a) Which micro-organisms spoil the food? What is the food borne illeness and food spoilage?

Or

- (b) How to you detect pathogens in food safety? Ellaborate the types of pathogens found in food.
- 19. (a) Elluciate the types of food contaminants.

Or

- (b) How can we prevent contamination of high risk foods? Explain the best way to prevent contamination.
- 20. (a) Describe the importance of food safety in food microbiology and the relevance of microbiological standards and criteria for food safety.

Or

(b) Define the PFA standard of food? Explain the National PFA Essential commodities Act. In which year PFA Act was implemented in India?

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Sub. Code 70516B

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### First Semester

## **Hospitality Management**

#### CRUISELINE MANAGEMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all the questions.

- 1. Which of the following is a common marketing strategy used by cruise lines to attract passengers?
  - (a) Fare increases
  - (b) Limited amenities
  - (c) Early booking discounts
  - (d) Reduced cabin space
- 2. What is the significance of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) in cruise line management?
  - (a) Crew training
  - (b) Safety regulations
  - (c) Onboard entertainment
  - (d) Guest services

3.	Which technology is commonly used for onboar communication and connectivity on modern cruise ships?						
	(a) Telegraph						
	(b)	b) Semaphore					
	(c) Satellite communication						
	(d)	Carrier pigeons					
4.	In t	he context of cruise operations, what does the term					

- 4. In the context of cruise operations, what does the term "tendering" refer to?
  - (a) Entertainments shows
  - (b) Ship maintenances
  - (c) Offshore docking
  - (d) Guest complaints handling
- 5. What is the primary environment concern associated with cruise line operations?
  - (a) Noise pollution
  - (b) Light pollution
  - (c) Air pollution
  - (d) Thermal pollution
- 6. What role does the cruise director play in onboard operations?
  - (a) Managing ship navigation
  - (b) Overseeing culinary operations
  - (c) Coordinating entertainment and activities
  - (d) Ensuring passenger safety

7.	What does the term "turnaround day" refer to in cruise line management?					
	(a)	The day the ship sets sail				
	(b)	A day for cruise training				
	(c)	The day the ship returns to port				
	(d)	A day dedicated to onboard events				

- 8. What is the main factor influencing the choice of cruise destinations?
  - (a) ship size
  - (b) passenger demographics
  - (c) crew availability
  - (d) fuel prices
- 9. The safety and emergency procedures exercise performed aboard a cruise ship is known as:
  - (a) Safety briefing
  - (b) Captain's address
  - (c) Emergency muster
  - (d) Life boat drill
- 10. What is the name of the area on a cruise ship where passengers can find shops, restaurants and entertainment?
  - (a) Crew quarters
  - (b) Engine room
  - (c) Lido deck
  - (d) Promenade

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions., choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Discuss the evolution of cruising from its early roots to the modern-day cruise industry.

Or

- (b) Explain the impact of technological advancement on the cruise industry.
- 12. (a) Briefly outline the key components of a health and sanitation department manual for cruise ship.

Or

- (b) What are the objectives and significance of a vessel sanitation and inspection program?
- 13. (a) What is meant by the term "cruise destination"?

Or

- (b) Evaluate the importance of logistics positioning in cruise line operation.
- 14. (a) Why is it essential for all crew members to have a clear understanding of the ship's layout?

Or

(b) Compare the different between crew muster stations and passenger muster stations.

4

15. (a) Mention the importance of effective communication and teamwork among different F & B staff positions on a cruise ship.

Or

(b) Analyze the impact of food production and service delivery systems on maintaining quality standards in cruise ship dining.

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer **all** the questions choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Compare and contrast the business models of luxury cruise brands with mass-market cruise.

Or

- (b) How can travel agents enhances the overall cruise experience for their clients?
- 17. (a) Explain the role of maritime organizations on overseeing and regulating cruise line activities.

Or

- (b) Discuss the responsibilities of cruise management in preventing and addressing environmental incidents.
- 18. (a) Name and describe two major cruise regions globally, highlighting their unique characteristics.

Or

(b) Elaborate any three typical itinerary patterns followed in major cruise regions.

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19. (a) Describe common emergency signals on a cruise ship and the corresponding actions.

Or

- (b) Explain how various safety procedures, including designated person adhere to ensure the overall safety of a cruise ship.
- 20. (a) Explain the role and responsibilities of the executive chef in the cruise ship's.

Or

(b) Investigate how customer demographics influence menu planning and service offerings on a cruise ship.

Sub. Code

70517

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

## First Semester

## **Hospitality Management**

#### **EVENT MANAGEMENT**

## (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. What is the primary focus of event management?
  - (a) Profit generation
  - (b) Creativity and implications
  - (c) Celebrity endorsements
  - (d) Social and business etiquette
- 2. What does the organization structure of event management refer to?
  - (a) Budget planning
  - (b) Arranging sponsors
  - (c) The hierarchical setup within event management
  - (d) Time management techniques

3.	What	is	the	significance	of	multifaceted	event
	management?						

- (a) Narrow focus on one aspect
- (b) Comprehensive approach to various functions
- (c) Limited creativity
- (d) Strict budget constraints
- 4. What is a crucial step in event management planning?
  - (a) Selecting a location
  - (b) Blue print of the function area
  - (c) Arranging celebrities
  - (d) Sports planning
- 5. How is backstage management important in events?
  - (a) It is not significant
  - (b) It ensures efficient execution behind the scenes
  - (c) It primarily focuses on budget management
  - (d) It deals with brand management
- 6. What are the characteristics of effective brand management in events?
  - (a) Limited creativity
  - (b) Recognition and consistent representation
  - (c) Budget constraints
  - (d) Time management

	(b)	Leadership management
	(c)	Controlling methods
	(d)	Selecting a location wisely
8.		t qualities are crucial for an individual in event agement?
	(a)	Strict budgeting skills
	(b)	Social and business etiquette
	(c)	Celebrity connections
	(d)	Sports planning expertise
9.	Wha even	t is an essential consideration in stage decoration for ts?
	(a)	Budget constraints
	(b)	Time management
	(c)	Creativity and aesthetics
	(d)	Selecting a location
10.	Whi	ch activity falls under various event activities?
	(a)	Budget management
	(b)	Concept exhibition
	(c)	Leadership management
	(d)	Time management
		3 <b>C–5319</b>

How are budgets controlled in event management?

Through creative planning

7.

(a)

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What is the significance of categorizing events in event management?

Or

- (b) How is event planning integral to the overall success of an event?
- 12. (a) Can you elaborate on the needs and objectives that drive event management?

Or

- (b) Discuss the process of arranging chief guests and celebrities for events.
- 13. (a) How does creativity impact events, and what are the implications of creative event planning?

Or

- (b) What strategies are employed securing event sponsors, and why is sponsorship crucial?
- 14. (a) Explain the organizational structure commonly employed in event management.

Or

(b) Explain the importance of creating a blueprint for the function area in event management.

4

15. (a) What are the multifaceted functions of event management?

Or

(b) What factors can significantly affect event management, and how are they managed?

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Differentiate between backstage management and other aspects of event execution.

Or

- (b) What are the characteristics of effective brand management in the context of events?
- 17. (a) Describe the methods used for budget management and controlling in event planning.

Or

- (b) What authority does leadership management hold in the context of event execution?
- 18. (a) How is feedback management implemented, and what tools are used to measure feedback?

Or

(b) Enumerate the basic qualities essential for an individual in event management.

19. (a) How do speaking skills contribute to the success of an event manager, and why is team spirit crucial?

Or

- (b) Discuss the importance of social and business etiquette in event management.
- 20. (a) What considerations are involved in stage decoration for events?

Or

(b) Explain the role of time management in the context of event planning.

Sub. Code

**70521** 

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### **Second Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

# HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

## (2023 onwards)

Dura	ition :	3 Hours			Maximum: 75 Marks
		P	art A		$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer	<b>all</b> qu	uestion	s.
1.	Human resource Management emphasis ————			hasis ———.	
	(a)	Development of pe	eople		
	(b)	Punishment of pe	ople		
	(c)	Dismissal of peop	le		
	(d)	Adoption of people	е		
2.	_	process of studying is known as ———	_		ting information about
	(a)	HRP	(b)	Job de	esign
	(c)	Job analysis	(d)	Job ev	valuation
3.	Job description is a statement containing the informat like ———.				aining the information
	(a)	Job title, location	and d	luties	
	(b)	Machines, tools ar	nd eq	uipmen	ıt
	(c)	Materials, workin	g con	ditions	and hazards
	(d)	All of these			

	is the pronounce is the		impacting knowledge or skill		
(a)	Training	(b)			
(c)	Motivation	(d)	•		
OJT	refers to —	<u>.</u>	-		
(a)	On the job train				
(b)	Off the job train	_			
(c)	On the job Tech				
(d)	On the job tech	nology			
Whi	ich of the followin	ng is a b	enefit of employee training?		
(a)	Improves mora	le			
(b)	Helps people to	identit	y with organisational goals		
(c)	Provides a good	l climate	e for learning		
(d)	None of the abo	ove			
Hur	Human resource information system ———.				
(a)	Integrates core	process	into streamline systems		
(b)	Collaborates co	re proce	ess into streamline systems		
(c)	Plans core proc	ess into	streamline system		
(d)	All the above				
Performance appraised refers to — of an employee.					
(a)	Training	(b)	Placement		
(c)	Assessment	(d)	Induction		
A –	takes	place w	hen an employee moves to a		
position higher than the one formerly occupied.					
(a)	Transfer	(b)	Demotion		
(c)	Punishment	(d)	Promotion		
	——— is a feelin	ng of inju	ustice at the work place.		
(a)	Grievance	(b)	Motivation		
(c)	Absenteeism	(d)	Direction		
		2	C-5320		
		4	L		

Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Define HRM. Write its importance.

Or

- (b) List down the challenges faced by Human Resource Management.
- 12. (a) Write the importance of Job Analysis.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Job Design.
- 13. (a) Define Training. Describe the determinants of training needs.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the different types of interview.
- 14. (a) What is recruitment? Explain the internal sources of recruitment.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Employee Compensation.
- 15. (a) Write short notes on the following.
  - (i) Collective Bargaining
  - (ii) Trade Union

Or

(b) Write the functions of Redressal Committee.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the role and qualities of Human resource manager in an organisation.

Or

- (b) Discuss the functions of HRM with relevant examples.
- 17. (a) What is Human resource planning? Explain the process of HRP.

Or

- (b) Explain the steps in Training programmes.
- 18. (a) Explain the steps involved in selection process.

 $O_1$ 

- (b) Elaborately explain the "in the job" and "off the job" training techniques.
- 19. (a) What is Human Resource Information System? Explain its importance.

Or

- (b) What do you mean by Incentives? Describe its importance and the different types of incentive plans.
- 20. (a) Explain the grievance handling procedure with reference to succession planning.

Or

(b) Distinguish between domestic HRM and International HRM. Explain the global issues in International HRM.

C-5320

4

Sub. Code

70522

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

## **Second Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

# ADVANCED FOOD PRODUCTION AND PATISSERIE

# (2023 onwards)

Duration : 3 Hours				Maximum : 75 Marks
		Pa	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer	<b>all</b> qu	uestions.
1.		———— in a nd in Command.	class	ical brigade of kitchen is the
	(a)	Chef de partie	(b)	Chef do Cuisine
	(c)	Chef do garde	(d)	Sous Chef
2.	Egg	is a rich source of		<del></del> .
	(a)	Proteins	(b)	Vitamins
	(c)	Minerals	(d)	All the above
3.	Whi	ch of the following	soup i	is served cold?
	(a)	Gazpacho	(b)	Bisque
	(c)	Consommé'	(d)	Mulligatawny
4.	——————————————————————————————————————			of fresh herbs such as thyme, ed together.
	(a) L	iaison	(b)	Jus-lie
	(c) C	howder	(d)	Bouquet garni

	(a)	Gujarat	(b)	Odisha
	(c)	Karnataka	(d)	Maharashtra
6.	Whi	ch of the following is	s an (	Oriental Cuisine?
	(a)	French Cuisine	(b)	Italian Cuisine
	(c)	Spanish Cuisine	(d)	Chinese cuisine
7. The southern cuisine of China is also known as -				a is also known as ———.
	(a)	Cantonese Cuisine	e(b)	Peking Cuisine
	(c)	Szechwan cuisine	(d)	Shangal Cuisine
8.	The	International soup	of Sp	ain is ———.
	(a)	Minestrone	(b)	Mulligatawny
	(c)	Scotch Broth	(d)	Gazpacho
9. Which one of the following German bread is first and then baked?				erman bread is first poached
	(a)	Rye bread	(b)	Kuglehopf
	(c)	Stollen	(d)	Pretzels
10.		ch of the following tment?	is n	ot a method used for Water
	(a)	Coagulation	(b)	Degumming
	(c)	Chlorination	(d)	Sand filtration
		Par	t B	$(5 \times 5 = 25)$
	A	nswer <b>all</b> questions	, choo	osing either (a) or (b).
11.	(a)	Write any five sanitation.	gener	ral rules for basic kitchen
			Or	
	(b)	Classify the kitch with examples.	en eq	uipments and write its uses
			2	C-5321

"Dhokla" is a delicacy of which state of India?

5.

		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Write a note on Bengali cuisine.
14.	(a)	Write the Important features of Spain cuisine.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	List down any ten popular dishes of Portugal.
15.	(a)	Name the different types of Breads and write the recipe for any one.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Write the difference between Cake flour and Bread flour.
		Part C $(5 \times 8 = 40)$
	A	nswer <b>all</b> questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
16.	(a)	Draw the organizational hierarchy of large kitchen in five star hotel and explain the duties and responsibilities of all.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	What is HACCP? Explain its major concepts and the challenges in implementing the HACCP.
		3 <b>C-5321</b>

12.

13.

(a)

(b)

(a)

List out the uses of egg in cookery.

Write the recipe of white stock.

Or

Write in brief about any ten Indian Breads.

17. (a) Classify the basic mother sauces and explain its method of preparation with its recipe.

Or

- (b) Explain the different cuts of iamb with a neat diagram.
- 18. (a) List out any five Kerala dishes and Write the recipe of any one of them.

Or

- (b) Explain the history of development of Indian Cuisine.
- 19. (a) Elaborately explain the history and features of French Cuisine.

Or

- (b) Write the recipe for any two Chinese dishes and explain its method of preparation.
- 20. (a) Explain in detail about the role of basic ingredients used in Bakery.

Or

(b) Explain different types of Dough with examples.

Sub. Code 70524A

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### Second Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

# CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

	(2020 onwards)	
Duration : 3 Hours Maximum : 75 Ma		
	Part A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
	Answer all question	ns.
Cust	comer Relationship Manageme	nt is about
(a)	Acquiring the right customer	
(b)	Instituting the best processes	}-
(c)	Motivation employees	
(d)	All of the above	
2. The method used to assess real cost to an individual customer is		
(a)	Cost based accounting	
(b)	Activity based accounting	
(c)	Turnover based accounting	
(d)	Price based accounting	
	Cust (a) (b) (c) (d) The to ar (a) (b) (c)	Part A Answer all question Customer Relationship Manageme  (a) Acquiring the right customer  (b) Instituting the best processes  (c) Motivation employees  (d) All of the above  The method used to assess real cotto an individual customer is  (a) Cost based accounting  (b) Activity based accounting  (c) Turnover based accounting

0		
3.	infor	is an organized collection of detailed rmation about individual customers or prospects that accessible, actionable and current for marketing boses such as lead generation and others.
	(a)	Customer database
	(b)	Customer mailing list
	(c)	Business database
	(d)	None of the above
4.		buyer decision process, percentage of potential omers in a given target market is called
	(a)	Customer funnel (b) Company funnel
	(c)	Marketing funnel (d) Retailers funnel
5.	The	main drawback of CRM is
	(a)	Implementing CRM before creating a customer strategy
	(b)	Rolling out CRM before changing the organization to match
	(c)	Stalking, not wooing, customers
	(d)	All of the above
6.	How	does CRM contribute to better customer service?
	(a)	By making customer service irrelevant

By eliminating customer service departments

By automating all customer service tasks

By facilitating quicker response times and issue

(b)

(c)

(d)

	uses sophisticated mathe	matical	and		
	stical techniques such as neutral net ter analysis.	working	and		
(a)	Data mining (b) Data survey				
(c)	CRM (d) None of the abo	ove			
cust	ch CRM feature allows businesses omers based on their past inter- aviour?	_	ment and		
(a)	Demographic segmentation				
(b)	Behavioral segmentation				
(c)	Geographic segmentation				
(d)	Psychographic segmentation				
Wha	What role does CRM play in lead nurturing?				
(a)	It eliminates the need for lead nurturing	g activit	ies		
(b)	It automates the entire lead nurturing	process			
(c)	It helps identify and prioritize leads for	nurturii	ng		
(d)	It requires customers to nurture leads t	hemselv	es		
Wha	t is the purpose of marketing automation	n in CRM	1?		
(a)	To eliminate marketing activities entire	ely			
(b)	To automate customer interactions com	pletely			
(c)	To improve marketing effectiveness and	d efficien	cy		
(d)	To replace marketing personnel with A	I systems	s		
	3	C-53	22		

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the various components of Customer Relationship Management.

Or

- (b) What are the important aspects of customer relationship management that will help managers in running the organisation more efficiently?
- 12. (a) Explain the elements of customer relationship management process.

Or

- (b) Examine the concept of one to one marketing.
- 13. (a) Compare On-prims and Cloud-based CRM.

Or

- (b) What training and onboarding services do CRM providers offer?
- 14. (a) Examine the five S's of managing customer data.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain CRM delivery system.
- 15. (a) What is cross selling? How can a company use it to the best advantage?

Or

(b) Explain how behaviour prediction can increase sales revenues?

4

Part C  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Classify the prioritizing in Customer Relationship Management.

Or

- (b) Express the purpose of measuring CRM.
- 17. (a) Classify the 4C's of CRM process.

Or

- (b) Simplify the CRM process for marketing organization.
- 18. (a) Examine the role of CRM in business strategy.

Or

- (b) What is the backup and data recovery plan for the CRM?
- 19. (a) Explain the various types of data mining.

Or

(b) Examine the types of collaborative filtering.

5

20.	(a)	Discuss in detail the critical factors and principles
		for the success of Knowledge Management.

Or

(b) Determine the features and benefits of Force Field Analysis.

6

Sub. Code 70524B

#### M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### **Second Semester**

#### **Hospitality Management**

#### **ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Answer all questions.

- 1. What is a key function of entrepreneurship in the context of economic development?
  - (a) Reducing competition among existing businesses
  - (b) Focusing solely on increasing personal wealth
  - (c) Creating new job opportunities and stimulating economic growth
  - (d) Ensuring businesses adhere to traditional practices and norms
- 2. Which of the following best describes the primary role of an entrepreneur?
  - (a) To manage a company's daily operations and ensure profitability
  - (b) To identify opportunities, innovate and take risks to create new businesses or products
  - (c) To follow established procedures and maintain the status quo within existing companies
  - (d) To provide administrative support and handle routine tasks in a business

- 3. What is the primary goal of entrepreneurship development programs (EDPs)?
  - (a) To provide financial assistance only to large corporations
  - (b) To foster and support the creation and growth of new businesses and entrepreneurs
  - (c) To focus solely on improving the technical skills of existing employees
  - (d) To standardize business practices across all industries
- 4. What is a common problem faced by NAYE and TCOs in the implementation of Entrepreneurship Development Programs (EDPs)?
  - (a) Overfunding and resource surplus leading to inefficiency
  - (b) Lack of tailored support and practical training that meet the needs of diverse entrepreneurs
  - (c) Excessive market demand for entrepreneurship training services
  - (d) Too many qualified mentors and consultants available for entrepreneurs
- 5. What is the primary characteristic of Small Scale Industries (SSI)?
  - (a) Large capital investment and extensive operations
  - (b) Small capital investment and relatively smaller operations
  - (c) International market focus and high export volumes
  - (d) Government-owned and operated enterprises

- 6. Which of the following is NOT typically considered a benefit of SSI?
  - (a) Creation of local employment opportunities
  - (b) Increased competition and innovation in local markets
  - (c) Limited flexibility in adapting to market changes
  - (d) Contribution to regional economic development
- 7. What is the primary objective of SIDCO?
  - (a) To manage large-scale industrial operations and multinational corporations
  - (b) To promote and facilitate the development of small-scale industries and enterprises
  - (c) To provide financial assistance exclusively to large corporations
  - (d) To focus on agricultural development and rural employment
- 8. What type of support does NSIC typically offer to struggling small scale industries?
  - (a) Direct management of daily business operations
  - (b) Financial restructuring, technical support, and marketing assistance
  - (c) High-risk venture capital funding and international expansion
  - (d) Exclusive focus on large-scale public sector projects

9.	What is the primary goal of project identification?				
	(a) To select the most complex and expensive projects				
	(b) To find and assess projects that align with organizational goals and resources				
	(c) To minimize the number of projects undertaken				
	(d) To prioritize projects based on their duration				
10.	Which of the following is an important consideration during the project identification phase?				
	/				

- (a) The detailed execution plan and timeline
- (b) The estimated costs and required budget
- (c) The relevance and impact of the project on stakeholders
- (b) The projects specific technological requirements

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Define: Entrepreneur and list out the characteristics.

Or

(b) Explain the functions of entrepreneurship.

C-5323

4

12. (a) Explain the primary objectives of Entrepreneurship Development Programs.

Or

- (b) Explain the impact of the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) on rural entrepreneurship development.
- 13. (a) Discuss the major challenges faced by Small Scale Industries (SSI).

Or

- (b) What are the roles and responsibilities of a managing partner in a partnership business?
- 14. (a) How does SIDCO support the technological advancement of small-scale industries?

Or

- (b) Explain the role of government agencies in providing marketing assistance to small businesses.
- 15. (a) What are the key steps involved in the project identification process?

Or

(b) Discuss the role of financial analysis in project appraisal.

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the difference between Entrepreneur Vs Intrapreneur.

Or

- (b) How do Entrepreneurship Development Programs (EDPs) contribute to reducing unemployment?
- 17. (a) Discuss the problems associated with the implementation of Entrepreneurship Development Programs (EDPs) and suggest possible solutions.

Or

- (b) Explain the institution for EDP.
- 18. (a) Explain the role of government policies in supporting Small Scale Industries (SSI).

Οr

- (b) Discuss the legal implications of a partner's exit from a partnership.
- 19. (a) Discuss the impact of business sickness on employees and stakeholders.

Or

- (b) Explain the institutional support for entrepreneurships.
- 20. (a) Explain how a feasibility study contributes to the project appraisal process.

Or

(b) Describe the project appraisal and explain the merits and demerits.

Sub. Code 70525A

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### **Second Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

## BAR MANAGEMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration : 3 Hours				Maximum: 75 Marks	
		Par	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$	
		Answer	<b>all</b> q	uestions.	
1.	and	is a nonalcoholic bever		tlet that sells both alcoholic	
	(a)	Restaurant	(b)	Coffee Shop	
	(c)	Bar	(d)	Room Service	
2.	The	The term pubs refers to			
	(a)	Restaurant	(b)	Bars	
	(c)	Public Houses	(d)	Bakery	
3.		erware can be poli cems?	shed	using which of the following	
	(a)	Gueridon	(b)	Furniture	
	(c)	Polivit	(d)	Helitherm	
4.	cock	is ar		sential bar tool for mixing Irinks.	
	(a)	Lobster pick	(b)	Cork screw	
	(c)	Cocktail Shakers	(d)	Oyster fork	

	is t	he ar	rt and study of inventing
prep	paring and serving	cockta	ails or mixed drinks.
(a)	Cocktail	(b)	Mocktail
(c)	Shaking	(d)	Mixology
The	alcohol range of st	andar	rd beer is
(a)	3-4 percent	(b)	4-6 percent
(c)	6-8 percent	(d)	8-10 percent
	is	an are	ea meant for relaxing which is
nori	nally located near	the re	ception area.
(a)	Lounge	(b)	Pubs
(c)	Banquet	(d)	Bell desk
	is a	stora	ge place for alcoholic drinks.
(a)	Bar	(b)	Cellar
(c)	Pantry	(d)	Lounge
Run	n is prepared from		
(a)	Molasses	(b)	Drug
(α)	Mulasses	(u)	Rye
(c)	Barley	(d)	Grapes
. ,	Barley	(d)	Grapes
(c)	Barley	(d)	Grapes level of each liquor, wine and
(c)	Barley is the	(d)	Grapes level of each liquor, wine and
(c)	Barley is the to be maintained	(d) stock at the	Grapes level of each liquor, wine and bar at all times.

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. What do you mean by alcoholic beverage? Write any (a) five examples.

Or

- (b) Write the different types of Bar.
- 12. Name any five small equipments used in Bar. (a)

Or

- Distinguish the Cocktail and Mocktail. (b)
- 13. (a) What is beer? Explain its types.

Or

- (b) How can we prevent guest intoxication in bar?
- 14. (a) What do you mean by upselling in a Bar?

Or

- (b) Define Liquors.
- 15. (a) What do you mean by Cellar?

Or

(b) Draw the specimen of inward book.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Define Bar. Explain its history and its development.

Or

- (b) Draw the Hierarchy in a Bar and write the Job Description and Job specification of a Bar Manager.
- 17. (a) Write a note on:
  - (i) Squashes
  - (ii) Syrups

Or

- (b) What is Brandy? Explain the manufacturing process of Brandy.
- 18. (a) Classify the non-alcoholic beverages and explain all.

Or

- (b) Explain the management responsibilities in beverage staff training.
- 19. (a) Auditing in a Bar is essential. Explain.

Or

- (b) Explain the steps to be taken to control malpractices in a Bar.
- 20. (a) Describe the different types of pouring liquors.

Or

(b) Explain the Cellar control procedures.

Sub. Code

**70525B** 

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

## **Second Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

## GARDE MANAGER

### (2023 onwards)

		(=0=0	, 011 ,,	ar as,
Dur	ation	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks
		Pa	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer	<b>all</b> q	uestions.
1.	the	-		of offering the selected food to s visually appealing.
	(a)	Food Presentation	n (b)	Carving
	(c)	Garnishing	(d)	Decoration
2.				m or substance used as ε prepared food or drink.
	(a)	Nuts	(b)	Cereals
	(c)	Accompaniment	(d)	Garnish
3.		ich of the followin	ıg car	n be used as a spread to a
	(a)	Margarine	(b)	Flavored butter
	(c)	Boiled egg	(d)	Chocolate

and	Larder	(h)	Charcuterie
` ′		(b)	Dishwash
(c)	Pantry	(d)	Disnwasn
	efers to ingredier connaise	its m	ixed with salad dressing o
(a)	Moist fillings	(b)	Dry fillings
(c)	Wet fillings	(d)	Hard fillings
	s kind of fillings a led at all times	re hig	hly perishable and should b
(a)	Egg	(b)	Cheese
(c)	Seafood	(d)	Meat
with	more than two o	-	
with fillin	more than two or	r mor	e slices of bread with severa
with fillin (a)	n more than two or ngs? Multi-decker	r more (b)	e slices of bread with severa
with fillin (a)	n more than two or ngs? Multi-decker Open faced	(b) (d)	Tea sandwich
with fillin (a)	n more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker  Open faced  are or	(b) (d)	e slices of bread with severa Regular cold Tea sandwich
with filling (a) (c)	n more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker  Open faced  ———————————————————————————————————	(b) (d)	e slices of bread with severa Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from
with filling (a) (c) — chic	n more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker  Open faced  are or ken.  Galentiné	(b) (d) riginal	e slices of bread with severa Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from
with fillin (a) (c) ——————————————————————————————————	n more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker  Open faced  are or ken.  Galentiné  Pork	(b) (d) riginal (b) (d)	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham
with fillin (a) (c) chic (a) (c) enhance	n more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker Open faced ————————————————————————————————————	(b) (d) iginal (b) (d) d or ad.	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham
with fillin (a) (c) chic (a) (c) enhance	more than two orngs?  Multi-decker Open faced ————————————————————————————————————	(b) (d) riginal (b) (d) d or ad. (b)	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham semi-liquid in form used to Sauce
with fillin (a) (c) ——————————————————————————————————	more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker Open faced ————————————————————————————————————	(b) (d) (iginal (b) (d) d or ad. (b) (d)	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham semi-liquid in form used to Sauce Rolls
with fillin (a) (c) ——————————————————————————————————	more than two or ngs?  Multi-decker Open faced ————————————————————————————————————	(b) (d) (iginal (b) (d) d or ad. (b) (d)	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham semi-liquid in form used to Sauce
with fillin (a) (c) ——————————————————————————————————	more than two orngs?  Multi-decker Open faced  ———————————————————————————————————	(b) (d) (iginal (b) (d) d or ad. (b) (d)	e slices of bread with several Regular cold Tea sandwich ly made specifically from Gammon Ham semi-liquid in form used to Sauce Rolls

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What are Canapé's? Write its origin.

Or

- (b) List out the Large equipments used in Larder section.
- 12. (a) How can we display the ice Carving on a buffet?

Or

- (b) List out some of the common artistic displays.
- 13. (a) Write the role of spreads and Garnishes in a Sandwich.

Or

- (b) List out any two popular Spreads and their usage.
- 14. (a) List the Casings used for Sausages.

Or

- (b) Give a brief note on:
  - (i) PATE'
  - (ii) Terrine
- 15. (a) Explain the different types of Hors'douvres.

Or

(b) Write the different varieties of Salad dressing.

3

Part C	$(5 \times 8 = 40)$

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the duties and responsibilities of the Chef Gardemanger.

Or

- (b) Explain about the Vegetable and Fruit Carvings with its importance.
- 17. (a) Write a note on:
  - (i) Butter and Margerine Carvings
  - (ii) Ice Carving

Or

- (b) Elaborately explain about Tallow Sculpture.
- 18. (a) Explain the Structure of Sandwiches.

Or

- (b) Classify different types of Fillings and explain all.
- 19. (a) Explain the different types of Forcemeat.

Or

- (b) Explain the different components of Salads and techniques in presenting and plating salads.
- 20. (a) Explain the methods of preparing Appetizer.

Or

(b) Explain the factors in presenting and preparing the salads.

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Sub. Code

70531

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

## Third Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

## ROOM DIVISIONS OPERATIONS

# (2023 onwards)

Dur	ation	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks			
		Pa	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$			
		Answer	<b>all</b> q	uestions.			
1.	Job specification includes ————.						
	(a) Physical characteristics						
	(b)	Psychological char	racte	ristics			
	(c)	(c) Personal characteristics					
	(d)	All the above					
2.	Promotion is an —			– source of recruitment.			
	(a)	Internal	(b)	External			
	(c)	Out	(d)	None of the above			
3.	Whi	Which of the following plan includes room tariff only?					
	(a)	Continental plan	(b)	European plan			
	(c)	American plan	(d)	Modified American plan			
4.		——— is respon	sible	of cleaning guest rooms and			
		bathrooms.					
	(a)	Houseman					
	(b)	Room service staf	f				
	(c)	Room attendant					
	(d)	Housekeeping sur	ervis	sor			

be o	is the son hand to supposities.			
	PAR Stock	(b)	Excess stock	
` ′	Reserve stock		Maximum stoc	k
	is a terms and public are pancy periods.  Contract cleaning Spring cleaning	reas in	Weekly cleanir	iods and lo
` ′	R is equal to ——	. ,		
(a) (b)	Total number of	Vacan	t rooms / Total r	
(c)	Total Room reve	enue / N	Tumber of 0cc.	
(d)	Total number of guests	f occup	ied rooms / Tot	al number
	is the pe		ge of rooms that	t are occupie
-	nore than one pers			
(a)	Multiple occupa	-		
(b)		•		
(c)		•		
(d)	Double occupand	cy		
com	pany to the card h		mit given by th	ne credit can
(a)	Zero level	(b)	Ten thousand	
(c)	Floor limit	(d)	Unlimit	
Rate	e spread is equal t	o ——	<del></del> .	
(a)	(Potential avera single rate)			ential averag
	(Potential avera	ge doul	ole rate) – (Pote	ential averaş
(b)	single rate)			
(b) (c)		ge doul	ole rate) × (Pote	ential averaş
	single rate) (Potential avera			

Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What do you mean by Job breakdown? Write the job breakdown of Housekeeping manager.

Or

- (b) What is Training? Write its importance.
- 12. (a) What is Budget? Write its significance.

Or

- (b) How the room availability can be forecasted?
- 13. (a) Write a note on Inventory control of Cleaning supplies.

Or

- (b) Write a note on FIFO and LIFO.
- 14. (a) How can we prevent damage to linen and uniforms? Give some tips.

Or

- (b) Give a brief note on Sales mix.
- 15. (a) Write the concept of Revenue management.

Or

(b) Write the importance of Yield management.

3

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the Job description and Job specification of Front office Manager.

Or

- (b) Explain the various sources of Internal and external recruitment in a hotel.
- 17. (a) Explain the Functions of Front office department.

Or

- (b) Describe the rule of thumb approach in fixing room rate in a hotel.
- 18. (a) What is Par stock? Write its importance and explain the ways to establish Par stock.

Or

- (b) Explain the inventory control of linen, Machine and equipments in Housekeeping department.
- 19. (a) What is RevPAR? Write its formula, importance and explain how it can be calculated in hotels.

Or

- (b) Discuss the use of occupancy percentage versus the ADR in determining the effectiveness of a General manger of a hotel.
- 20. (a) Explain the various application of Yield management to Room division.

Or

- (b) Write the formulas for finding the following:
  - (i) Potential average rate
  - (ii) Room rate achievement factor
  - (iii) Yield statistic
  - (iv) Identical Yield occupancy.

C-5330

4

Sub. Code

70534

### M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### Third Semester

### **Hospitality Management**

#### INDIAN HOSPITALITY LAW

### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. Which one of the following is regarded as a private law topic?
  - (a) Criminal law
  - (b) Contract law
  - (c) The law relating to human rights
  - (d) Administrative law
- 2. Which of the following court cases involves a tort?
  - (a) Indiana v. Clair
  - (b) Hatfield v. Blair
  - (c) Missouri v. McGinny
  - (d) Florida v. McGinny
- 3. How should you communicate with your Guests?
  - (a) Rudely
- (b) As per our mood
- (c) Politely
- (d) None of the above

A C		in wi	th no luggage or hand bag
(a)	CVGR	(b)	VVIP
(c)	Scanty Baggage	(d)	No Show
Whi	ich of the following	softwa	are is used in hotels?
(a)	Opera	(b)	Amadeus
(c)	Shawman	(d)	All of the above
_	roup of people that ee is called a:	eat to	gether at one time and in one
(a)	Banquet	(b)	Group
(c)	Gathering	(d)	Assembly
In con	which section properties of the courts of th		on of capacity in officers ice ———.
(a)	Sec. 136	(b)	Sec. 138
(c)	Sec. 135	(d)	Sec. 137
The	person who mor	tgages	s the property is known as
(a)	Mortgagor	(b)	Mortgagee
(c)	Co-owner	(d)	Executor
	addition of these a ue of food.	.dultei	rants lowers the ————
(a)	Substance	(b)	Quality
(c)	Nutrients	(d)	Quantity
	of the culations, 2011 spent products.		ood Safety and Standard the standards for various
(a)	2.1.9	(b)	2.2.9
(c)	2.4	(d)	2.3
		2	C-5331

4.

Part B

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the laws relating to hotel premises.

Or

- (b) What areas are covered as legal requirements of hotel operations?
- 12. (a) What does the building code include in India?

Or

- (b) What are hotels rules in India during guest check-in?
- 13. (a) Explain the duties of a hotelier towards guests.

Or

- (b) Examine the relationship with guests and other patrons.
- 14. (a) What is preventive legal management and breach of contract?

Or

- (b) Explain the classification of Insurance stages.
- 15. (a) Explain the seven principles of Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP).

Or

(b) Elaborate the terms Prohibition and Dry Days.

3

Part C

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Difference between the Hotels and Motels.

Or

- (b) Explain the types of contracts.
- 17. (a) Elaborate the guest law suits for overbooking.

Or

- (b) Explain the various conditions for guest's right to privacy.
- 18. (a) Discuss the duties of employers to third parties.

Or

- (b) Elaborate the functions of hotel parking area.
- 19. (a) Explain the types of contract seen in hotel operations.

Or

- (b) Elaborate the different stages for processing insurance claims.
- 20. (a) Write a short note on:
  - (i) 'Food' (Definition)
  - (ii) 'Primary Food' (As per Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006)
  - (iii) Adulterant (As per the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954)
  - (iv) Food additives (As per Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006)

Or

(b) Explain the various functions of central food lab.

C-5331

4

Sub. Code

70535

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

### **Third Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

		(202	23 onw	ards)
Dura	tion :	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks
		P	art A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answe	r <b>all</b> q	uestions.
1.	Whi	ch of the following	g is/are	types of research?
	(a)	Objective resear	ch	
	(b)	Applied research	ı	
	(c)	Problem oriente	d resea	rch
	(d)	Both (b) and (c)		
2.			form	vising a representation in a of a system, which can be
	(a)	Simulation	(b)	Evaluation
	(c)	Comparative	(d)	None of these
3.	A g	raph of cumulati ———?	ve fre	quency distribution is called
	(a)	Ogive	(b)	Frequency polygon c.

(d) Histogram

Pie diagram

(c)

	in sa	ampling tends to —		<del></del> .
	(a)	Increase	(b)	Decrease
	(c)	Remains constant	(d)	Be unstable
5.		Less than' cumula ted limit is	itive	frequency distribution, the
	(a)	Lower	(b)	Upper
	(c)	Last	(d)	Middle
6.	In cl		icatio	n, data are classified on the
	(a)	Attributes	(b)	Class-intervals
	(c)	Time	(d)	Location
7.	Coef	ficient of determina	tion	is defined as
	(a)	$r^3$	(b)	$1-r^2$
	(c)	$1 + r^3$	(d)	$r^2$
8.	the o		5% 1	$M_1 = M_2$ and $H_1 : M_1 < M_2$ , evel of significance when size
	(a)	1.96	(b)	2.32
	(c)	1.645	(d)	2.5758
9.	High	degree of correlation	on is	assumed, when
	(a)	r = 0.52	(b)	r = 0.45
	(c)	r = 0.9	(d)	r = 0.65
			2	C-5332

According to sampling, as sample size increases, the error  $% \left( x\right) =\left( x\right)$ 

4.

10.	the	-	erator sho	the test statistic for which ould always be greater than
	(a)	'Chi-square'	(b)	'F' value
	(c)	'Z' value	(d)	'T' value
			Part B	$(5 \times 5 = 25)$
	A	nswer <b>all</b> quest	cions, cho	osing either (a) or (b).
11	(a)	Define Resear	ch Discu	ss the objectives of Research.

Or

- (b) Examine the essentials of average.
- 12. (a) What is Primary data? Explain is advantages of Primary data.

Or

(b) Two random samples drawn from two normal populations are:

Sample 1 20 16 26 27 23 22 18 24 19

Sample 2 27 33 42 35 32 34 38 28 41 43 30 37

Test using variance ratio at 5 per cent and 1 per cent level of significance whether the two populations have the same variances.

13. (a) Describe qualitative and quantitative measures with example.

Or

(b) Point out the possible sources of measurement error.

14. (a) The foreman of ABC mining company has estimated the average quantity of iron ore extracted to be 36.8 tons per shift and the sample standard deviation to be 2.8 tons per shift, based upon a random selection of 4 shifts. Construct a 90 per cent confidence interval around this estimate.

Or

- (b) State the reasons why sampling is used in the context of research studies.
- 15. (a) What is Chi-square text? Explain its significance in statistical analysis.

Or

(b) State the basic assumptions of the analysis of variance.

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Discuss about the types of research.

Or

(b) 'Research design in exploratory studies must be flexible but in descriptive studies, it must minimise bias and maximise reliability'. Discuss.

4

17. (a) Write a note on 'Characteristics of good sample design', point out it developing a sampling design.

Or

- (b) Explain and illustrate the procedure of selecting a random sample.
- 18. (a) The following table shows the results of a paired-comparison preference test of four cold drinks from a sample of 200 persons:

Name	Coca Cola	Limca	$\operatorname{Goldspot}$	Thumps up
Coca Cola	_	60*	105	45
Limca 160	_	150	70	_
Goldspot	75	40	_	65
Thumps up	165	120	145	_

- \* To be read as 60 persons preferred Limca over Coca Cola.
- (i) How do these brands rank in overall preference in the given sample?
- (ii) Develop an interval scale for the four varieties of cold drinks.

Or

- (b) Write short notes on:
  - (i) Likert Scale
  - (ii) Semantic Differential Scale
  - (iii) Stapel Scale

- 19. (a) In a random selection of 64 of the 2400 intersections in a small city, the mean number of scooter accidents per year was 3.2 and the sample standard deviation was 0.8.
  - (i) Make an estimate of the standard deviation of the population from the sample standard deviation.
  - (ii) Work out the standard error of mean for this finite population.
  - (iii) If the desired confidence level is 0.90, what will be the upper and lower limits of the confidence interval for the mean number of accidents per intersection per year?

Or

- (b) Explain the meaning and significance of the concept of "Standard Error" in sampling analysis.
- 20. (a) Describe the classifications of one-way ANOVA.

Or

(b) Why do we use t-test in linear regression analysis.

Sub. Code 70536

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

### **Third Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

# HOSPITALITY MARKETING

# (2023 onwards)

Dur	ation	: 3 Hours			Maximum :	75 Marks
		F	Part A		(10	$0 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answ	er <b>all</b> q	uestio	ns.	
1.	the wan	company makes,	_		gy focus on sel	_
	(a)	Customer orien	ted			
	(b)	Entrepreneur o	riented			
	(c)	Sales oriented				
	(d)	Market oriented	ł			
2.	goal	_	are d	esigne	d to achieve	strategic
	(a)	Technical	(b)	Oper	rational	
	(c)	Strategic	(d)	Shor	t term	
3.	Mar	eketers Induce	cogn	itive	dissonance	through
	(a)	Framing	(b)	Plea	ding	
	(c)	Trickery	(d)	Misd	lirection	

	imum possible sales by one company in specific tory for a given time is called				
(a)	Sales potential (b) Market potential				
(c)	Sales forecast (d) Sales volume				
An a	ttitude is				
(a)	A strong drive that leads to goal achievement				
(b)	An inherited influence on behavior				
(c)	A learned predisposition to respond in a particular way				
(d)	Easily changed by effective advertising				
and	emphasizes that profitable marketing begin the discovery and understanding of consumer needs develops a marketing mix to satisfy these needs.				
(a)	the marketing concept				
(b)	the strategic plan				
(c)	the product influences				
(d)	the price influences				
The	First step In the marketing research procedure is to				
(a)	gather primary data				
(b)	define the objective				
(c)	Conduct an informal investigation				
(d)	perform a situation analysis				
	consists of gathering information from				
	le outside the company such as middlemen, petitors and advertising agencies.				
(a)	Research hypothesis				
(b)	Test proposition				
(c)	Scientific method				
(d)	Informal investigation				
	2 <b>C-5333</b>				

(a)	Product breadth (b) Product mix
(c)	Marketing Mix (d) Product line
A _ or puro	represents a chain of businesse intermediaries through which the final buye chases a good or service.
(a)	Place
(b)	Price
(c)	Distribution channel
(d)	Production
	Part B $(5 \times 5 = 28)$
A	nswer <b>all</b> questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
(a)	Define Marketing. Or
(b)	What is Motivation?
(a)	What do you mean by hospitality marketing? Or
(b)	How the strategies can be converted into plans an budgets?
(a)	Differentiate between basic research and applie research.
<i>a</i> >	Or
(b)	What do you mean by Guest attitude?
(a)	Write a brief note on Sales forecasting. Or
(b)	Is it important to determine the sample size Explain.
	3 <b>C-5333</b>

What do you mean by Service Mix? 15. (b) Writes note on public relations. Part C  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b). 16. (a) What is Sales orientation? Explain the characteristics of Sales oriented business. Or Describe the marketing orientation phase in detail. (b)

17. (a) Explain the strategic hospitality marketing planning.

Or

(b) Explain the attitude towards planning.

18. (a) Explain various consumer behavior models.

Or

(b) Describe the factors Influencing Perception.

19. (a) Explain the various steps Involved in the Marketing Research Process.

Or

- (b) Classify the Research design and explain the relevance of each.
- 20. (a) Elaborate the advertising and promotion strategies.

Or

(b) What is communication? Explain the different types of communication.

Sub. Code 70537A

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### Third Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

### DISASTER MANAGEMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

		(202	io on w	arus)
Dur	ation	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks
		P	art A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answe	r <b>all</b> q	uestions.
1.	Whi	ch of the following	g is not	a Man made hazard?
	(a)	War and civil str	rife	
	(b)	Drought		
	(c)	Environmental p	ollutio	on
	(d)	Leakage of toxic	waste	
2.	The	word disaster con	nes fro	m ———.
	(a)	Latin word	(b)	French word
	(c)	Greek word	(d)	German word
3.	The	Bhopal tragedy h	appene	ed in ———.
	(a)	1989	(b)	1978
	(c)	1975	(d)	1984
4.	Tsu	nami and floods a	re —	type of disasters.
	(a)	Admospheric	(b)	Aquatic
	(c)	Terrestrial	(d)	Man made

5.	Inte	nsity of an earthqu	ıake i	s measured by ———.
	(a)	Modified Mercall	i scale	9
	(b)	Richter scale		
	(c)	Seismograph		
	(d)	None of the above	е	
6.	Hur	ricanes are commo	n in –	
	(a)	India	(b)	USA
	(c)	Pakistan	(d)	Australia
7.	Zika	virus is spread by		
	(a)	Rat	(b)	Mosquito
	(c)	Fly	(d)	Dog
8.	Pan	chayatl Raj system	has a	a — tier structure.
	(a)	Three	(b)	Four
	(c)	Five	(d)	Six
9.		was the chief offic period?	icer o	f rural administration in the
	(a)	Gramini	(b)	Gram Rakshak
	(c)	Gram pati	(d)	Gram sabha
10.		chayatl Raj instit		s came into existence under
	(a)	$42^{\rm nd}$ and $43^{\rm rd}$	(b)	$53^{ m rd}$ and $54^{ m th}$
	(c)	$63^{ m rd}$ and $64^{ m th}$	(d)	$73^{ m rd}$ and $74^{ m th}$
			2	C-5334

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write the difference between natural and man-made disasters.

Or

- (b) Give a brief note on Tsunami.
- 12. (a) What is radiation? Where does it come from?

Or

- (b) Write a note on Droughts and its causes.
- 13. (a) Write a note on Climate change.

Or

- (b) Give a brief note on Embankments.
- 14. (a) Write the role of early warning system in disaster management.

Or

- (b) Write a note on National Disaster Management Authority.
- 15. (a) Write any five uses of remote sensing techniques in disaster management.

Or

(b) Write a note on Disaster Management Act.

C-5334

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Define Earthquake. Explain the different types of Earthquakes.

Or

- (b) Describe the relationship between hazard, risk, vulnerability and capacity.
- 17. (a) Explain the social and environmental impacts of disasters.

Or

- (b) Explain in detail about the various effects of landslides.
- 18. (a) Describe the factors affecting Vulnerabilities.

Or

- (b) Explain the environmental impact of development of Dams.
- 19. (a) Explain the basic principles of Disaster Management.

Or

- (b) Describe the role of National and state bodies for Disaster management.
- 20. (a) Discuss the prevention guidelines in case of Floods and Droughts.

Or

(b) Explain the various phases of Disaster management cycle.

F

C-5334

4

Sub. Code 70537B

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

### M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### **Third Semester**

### **Hospitality Management**

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT IN HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

- 1. The process of burning municipal solid wastes under suitable temperature and conditions in a specific furnace is called ————.
  - (a) Landfill (b) Incineration
  - (c) Recycling (d) Vermicomposting
- 2. Which of the following wastes is called the municipal solid waste (MSW)?
  - (a) Food wastes (b) Wood pieces
  - (c) Plastic cans (d) All of the above
- 3. Which of the following plans is used as a waste management plan?
  - (a) Plan for reuse
  - (b) The integrated plan
  - (c) Plan for recycling
  - (d) Plan for reducing

4.	Reg mea	arding waste manag	geme	ent techniques	'Palletisation'			
	(a)	Process of adding spilled oil	g n	nicroorganisms	to consume			
	(b)	Processing of munic	cipa	l waste to produ	ice RDF			
	(c)	The process of r anaerobic condition		ling organic r	natter under			
	(d)	Removal of toxic la	yer f	from topsoil				
5.		Which of the following are not categorized as hazardous wastes?						
	(a)	Garbage	(b)	Industry waste	es			
	(c)	Hospital wastes	(d)	Laboratory wa	stes			
6.	Whi	ich of the following is	bot	h inorganic and	organic?			
	(a)	Sewage sludge	(b)	Liquid crystall	line			
	(c)	Natural gas	(d)	Semi crystallin	ne			
7.	Why	y is recycled paper ba	nne	d for use in food	l containers?			
	(a)	Because it creates a	a lot	of spaces				
	(b)	Because it creates contamination						
	(c)	Because paper can	be u	sed only one tir	ne			
	(d)	Because paper is vecontainers		_				
8.	Indi	ia's first e-waste	cli	nic was ina	ugurated in			
	(a)	West Bengal	(b)	Andhra Prades	sh			
	(c)	TamilNadu	(d)	Madhya Prade	esh			
9.	Lea	chates are ———	—.					
	(a)	Persistent organic pollutants						
	(b)	Algae found on eutrophic lakes						
	(c)	Ozone depleting substances						
	(d)	Contaminated liqui	id dr	aining from lan	dfills			
			2		C-5335			

		Part B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$
	Aı	nswer <b>all</b> questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
11.	(a)	Explain the basic waste generation stages in a production system.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Difference between waste and productivity.
12.	(a)	Examine the structure and functions of an ecosystem.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Explain the non-structural measures for floods.
13.	(a)	List down the process of conducting a waste audit.
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Mention any three key capabilities in waste analytics.
14.	(a)	What is the polluter pays principle in the Stockholm Declaration?
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Discuss about the precautionary principle in disaster management.
15.	(a)	What are the stages of zero waste system?
		$\operatorname{Or}$
	(b)	Examine the needs of waste management.
		2 <b>C-5335</b>
		3 <b>C-9339</b>

The key component to zero waste is ———.

(b)

(d)

Ecological footprint

Industrial ecology

Recycling

Biofuel

10.

(a)

(c)

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Describe the categories of solid waste.

Or

- (b) What are the objectives of waste management?
- 17. (a) Explain the main elements of a mitigation strategy.

Or

- (b) Discuss about the role of individual in prevention of pollution.
- 18. (a) Discuss about the benefits of waste audit.

Or

- (b) Determine the various sources of solid waste.
- 19. (a) Explain the 5 R's of waste management.

Or

- (b) Describe the principles of polluter pays.
- 20. (a) Describe the role of individual reduction of solid waste.

Or

(b) Explain the benefits of community-based waste management.

Sub. Code 70538A

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

### Third Semester

# Hospitality Management

		Hospitali	ty Ma	nagement	
		WELLN	ESS T	COURISM	
		(202	3 onw	vards)	
Dur	ation	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks	
		Pa	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$	
		Answei	r <b>all</b> q	uestions.	
1.	Which of the following is not a part of Wellness tourism?				
	(a)	Ayurveda	(b)	Yoga	
	(c)	Sports/Fitness	(d)	Dental care	
2.	Domestic medical tourism is also known as ————medical tourism.				
	(a)	Inbound	(b)	Outbound	
	(c)	Intra-bound	(d)	Inter	
3.	The first stage in the process of event management is				
	(a)	Planning	(b)	Research	
	(c)	Design	(d)	Execution	
4.	Which is the ancient practice that originated in India during the Indus valley civilization.				
	(a)	Yoga	(b)	Unani	
	(c)	Kalari	(d)	Homeopathy	

, .	vities.	<i>a</i> :		
(a)	Heritage	(b)	Sports	
(c)	Recreational	(d)	Cultural	
			who laid the foundation f systems and medical touris	
(a)	Africans	(b)	Greeks	
(c)	Asians	(d)	North Americans	
———— lead the world with the highest number o wellness trips, with regard to outbound travelers.				
(a)	North Americans	(b)	Europeans	
(c)	Africans	(d)	Indians	
tourism comprised inbound tourism and outbound tourism.				
(a)	Domestic	(b)	International	
(c)	National	(d)	Local	
The importance of international tourism is ————				
The	importance of inter	natio	onal tourism is ————	
	importance of inter Increase in crime	rnatio	onal tourism is ————	
The (a) (b)	_		onal tourism is ————	
(a)	Increase in crime Human trafficking	g		
(a) (b)	Increase in crime Human trafficking	g		
(a) (b) (c) (d)	Increase in crime Human trafficking Revenue to govern Gambling	g nmen	t	
(a) (b) (c) (d)	Increase in crime Human trafficking Revenue to govern Gambling is one of	g nmen		

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write the difference between Wellness tourism and Medical tourism.

Or

- (b) Define the concept of workplace wellness.
- 12. (a) Write a note on Trade fair and exhibitions.

Or

- (b) Describe the difference between a primary wellness tourist and secondary wellness tourist.
- 13. (a) Write a note on Marketing and Packaging and of Wellness tourism.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Pleasure tourism.
- 14. (a) What do you mean by Outbound health tourism?

Or

- (b) List down various health tourism services.
- 15. (a) Give a brief note on Health Insurance.

Or

(b) Briefly explain about global health tourism market.

3

**Part C**  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the various types of Wellness travelers.

Or

- (b) Write a note on health tourism.
- 17. (a) Explain the concept of MICE.

Or

- (b) How does health tourism influence local and regional development? Explain in detail.
- 18. (a) Explain the regulatory laws and ethical issues of Wellness Tourism.

Or

- (b) How can we prevent the malpractices in Wellness tourism? Explain.
- 19. (a) Describe any five profiles of hospitals offering health tourism services.

Or

- (b) Explain the various factors affecting Wellness tourism.
- 20. (a) Describe the Intrabound health tourism services.

Or

(b) Explain the medical malpractice issues related to Wellness tourism.

4

Sub. Code

**70538B** 

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

### Third Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

### RECENT TRENDS IN HEALTH FOODS

# (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks				
		Secti	on A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer	<b>all</b> qu	estions.
1.		approach uses pl causing them to p		lysis to dehydrate microbial
	(a)	Heating	(b)	Smoking
	(c)	Sugaring	(d)	Pasteurisation
2.		ch one of the follo a by South America	_	products was introduced in
	(a)	Mango	(b)	Fenugreek
	(c)	Coffee	(d)	Chilli
3.		enzyme which is vegetables is	respo	nsible for browning of fruit
	(a)	Lipo-oxidase	(b)	Polyphenol-oxidase
	(c)	Amylase	(d)	Protease
4.	ʻUnd	hiya' is a famous fo	od for	r farmers in ———
	(a)	Rajasthan	(b)	Gujarat
	(c)	Madhya Pradesh	(d)	Chhattisgarh

	(a)	Egg sandwich	(b)	Custard				
	(c)	Dosa	(d)	Bhelpuri				
3.	Coa	Coated meat products require —						
	(a)	Breading	(b)	Pre-dusting				
	(c)	Battering	(d)	All of the above				
7.	This	Certain bacterial are added to minced meat products. This activity is followed by dehydration. What is this activity called?						
	(a)	Coating	(b)	Freezing				
	(c)	Curing	(d)	Fermentation				
3.		When meat is passed through a coarse grinder plate it is called						
	(a)	Chunking	Chunking					
	(b)	Flaking						
	(c)	Restructured mea	at pro	duct				
	(d)	Restructured mea	at pro	duct and Chunking				
9.	Use	User profile means:						
	(a)	Statement on user information						
	(b)	List of library me	ember	S				
	(c)	List of defaulter						
	(d)	List of users						
10.	Frui	Fruit punches are made by mixing						
	(a)	25% of total fruit juice and $65%$ of sugar						
	(b)	25% of total fruit juice and 45% of sugar						
	(c)	45% of total fruit juice and 25% of sugar						
	(d)	None of the above	e					
			2	C-5337				

**Section B** 

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

11. (a) What are the major problems in eating vegetarian food?

Or

- (b) Describe the five kinds of spices used for cooking.
- 12. (a) How do you ensure that your diet is nutritionally balanced?

Or

- (b) Discuss about the balanced diet and anemia.
- 13. (a) Which mullets is known as the king of millets?

Or

- (b) Examine the most common natural Sweetener.
- 14. (a) Point out the advantages of cultured meat.

Or

- (b) Draw a structure of food packaging life -cycle.
- 15. (a) Elaborate the four primary areas of digital transformation in the food industry.

Or

(b) List down the top companies in 3D Food Printing Market.

3

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) What are the negative feelings that you feel when you choose to eat vegetarian food?

Or

- (b) Which fast food is the fastest? How long does it take to be made?
- 17. (a) Difference between veganism and vegetarianism.

Or

- (b) Explain the various thermal properties of water.
- 18. (a) Discuss about the recent trends in healthy snacks.

Or

- (b) Explain the key segments profiled in the Protein Snacks Market Survey.
- 19. (a) Express the challenges and contemplations of cultured meat.

Or

- (b) Explain the functions of food labelling.
- 20. (a) Examine the disadvantages of 3D Printed Food.

Oı

(b) What type of food would you categorize as producing the most of our garbage?

4

Sub. Code

70541

#### M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### **Fourth Semester**

#### **Hospitality Management**

#### REVENUE MANAGEMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

#### **Section A**

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. In revenue management, what is the primary objective of implementing dynamic pricing?
  - (a) To maximize customer satisfaction by offering fixed prices
  - (b) To adjust prices based on real-time demand and supply conditions
  - (c) To standardize prices across all customer segments
  - (d) To ensure all products are sold at the same price regardless of market conditions
- 2. Which of the following best defines "yield" in the context of revenue management for the hospitality industry?
  - (a) The total revenue generated from a single booking
  - (b) The percentage of occupied rooms in a hotel
  - (c) The ratio of actual revenue to potential revenue based on current pricing and occupancy
  - (d) The number of guest complaints received during a month

- 3. In revenue management, what is the purpose of "forecasting"?
  - (a) To predict future demand and adjust pricing accordingly
  - (b) To assess past marketing campaigns
  - (c) To analyze competitor pricing
  - (d) To calculate current occupancy rates
- 4. Which of the following is a key component of demand management?
  - (a) Setting fixed prices
  - (b) Adjusting inventory based on demand patterns
  - (c) Maintaining uniform pricing across all channels
  - (d) Standardizing room types
- 5. What is the primary function of revenue management software in the hospitality industry?
  - (a) To manage guest bookings and check-ins
  - (b) To optimize pricing and inventory based on demand and market conditions
  - (c) To handle housekeeping and maintenance tasks
  - (d) To track customer preferences and feedback
- 6. Which feature of revenue management software helps in forecasting future demand?
  - (a) Rate parity management
  - (b) Historical data analysis
  - (c) Customer relationship management (CRM)
  - (d) Competitive pricing analysis

- 7. What does "market segmentation" involve in the context of differential pricing?
  - (a) Offering the same price to all customer groups
  - (b) Dividing the market into distinct segments based on different characteristics and needs
  - (c) Standardizing prices across all customer segments
  - (d) Reducing prices during peak seasons for all customers
- 8. How does "differential pricing" benefit businesses when applied to segmented markets?
  - (a) By increasing uniformity in pricing across all segments
  - (b) By charging higher prices to segments willing to pay more, while offering discounts to price-sensitive segments
  - (c) By reducing the overall price of products or services for all customers
  - (d) By maintaining the same price for all market segments, regardless of demand
- 9. What is the significance of "overbooking" for a revenue manager?
  - (a) To compensate for expected no-shows and cancellations, thus maximizing occupancy and revenue
  - (b) To ensure that the hotel does not accept more bookings than available rooms
  - (c) To lower the average daily rate (ADR) during slow periods
  - (d) To enhance guest satisfaction by offering more flexible booking options

10.	What kind of reports might a revenue manager generate to support their role?		
	(a)	Daily occupancy and revenue reports	
	(b)	Staff performance evaluations	
	(c)	Marketing campaign effectiveness reports	
	(d)	Guest satisfaction and complaint reports	

**Section B**  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

11. (a) Explain the concept of revenue management and how it helps business optimize their income.

Or

- (b) Explain how changes in pricing strategy might affect the potential average.
- 12. (a) What are group room sales, and how do they differ from transient room sales?

Or

- (b) Describe the importance of transient room sales for a hotel's revenue management strategy.
- 13. (a) Discuss the revenue management software help a hotel improve its profitability.

Or

(b) Explain the main purpose of CRM software in the hospitality industry.

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4

14. (a) Describe the role of market segmentation in a company's overall marketing strategy.

Or

(b) Discuss the role of technology in implementing and managing market segmentation strategies.

15. (a) Explain the primary responsibilities of a revenue manager in the hospitality industry.

Or

(b) Discuss the skills and qualifications are essential for a revenue manager in the hospitality industry.

Section C  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) Describe a scenario where the potential average might be a misleading metric for evaluating performance.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the equivalent occupancy and required non-room revenue per guest.
- 17. (a) Describe the monitoring food and beverage activity important for revenue management.

Or

(b) Explain the market segmentation purpose of overbooking control in revenue management.

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18. (a) Discuss the role of analytics in revenue management software and analytics contribute to strategic decision-making.

Or

- (b) Discuss the benefits of integrating CRM software with other hotel management systems.
- 19. (a) Describe the four main types of market segmentation and provide an example of each.

Or

- (b) Explain how psychographic segmentation differs from demographic segmentation and provide an example of each.
- 20. (a) Discuss the importance of strategic thinking and decision-making in the role of a Revenue Manager.

Or

(b) Compare and contrast the role of a Revenue Manager in a small boutique hotel versus a large international chain. Sub. Code

70542

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

# **Fourth Semester**

# **Hospitality Management**

# TOURISM IN HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

# (2023 onwards)

		(202	0 011 11	aras)		
Dur	ation	: 3 Hours		Maximum : 75 Marks		
		$\mathbf{Sec}$	tion A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$		
		Answe	r <b>all</b> q	uestions.		
1.	Modified American plan refers to					
	(a)	Room charges on	ly			
	(b)	Room + all meals	8			
	(c)	Room + English	B/F			
	(d)	Room + Breakfas	st + Lu	nch or Dinner		
2.	are those that are equipped for a longer stay of the guests.					
	(a)	Youth hostels	(b)	Residential hotels		
	(c)	Suite hotels	(d)	Business hotels		

- 3. The bell captain report to.
  - (a) Lobby Manager
  - (b) Bell boy
  - (c) Front office cashier
  - (d) Financial controller

room capacity.  (a) No-show (b) Skipper (c) Over booking (d) Under stay  5. The term Sommelier refers to	e hotel						
(c) Over booking (d) Under stay  5. The term Sommelier refers to	refers to reserving rooms beyond the hotel room capacity.						
5. The term Sommelier refers to							
(a) Wine waiter (b) Room Service order taker (c) Restaurant Captain (d) F and B manager  6. The main focus of this tour Includes visiting an country to learn about the culture or to work and skills learned Inside the classroom In differentiation environment, (a) Cultural tourism (b) Adventure tourism (c) Educational tourism (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
(b) Room Service order taker (c) Restaurant Captain (d) F and B manager  6. The main focus of this tour Includes visiting an country to learn about the culture or to work and skills learned Inside the classroom In differential environment, (a) Cultural tourism (b) Adventure tourism (c) Educational tourism (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
(c) Restaurant Captain (d) F and B manager  6. The main focus of this tour Includes visiting an country to learn about the culture or to work and skills learned Inside the classroom In differentiation (a) Cultural tourism (b) Adventure tourism (c) Educational tourism (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	(a) Wine waiter						
(d) F and B manager  6. The main focus of this tour Includes visiting an country to learn about the culture or to work and skills learned Inside the classroom In differential environment,  (a) Cultural tourism  (b) Adventure tourism  (c) Educational tourism  (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism  (b) Dark tourism  (c) Mass tourism  (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel  (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Room Service order taker						
6. The main focus of this tour Includes visiting an country to learn about the culture or to work and skills learned Inside the classroom In differential environment,  (a) Cultural tourism (b) Adventure tourism (c) Educational tourism (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	(c) Restaurant Captain						
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(c) Educational tourism (d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	a) Cultural tourism						
(d) Religious tourism  7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Adventure tourism						
7 Is defined as tourism involving traplaces historically associated with death and traged (a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Educational tourism						
places historically associated with death and traged  (a) Adventure tourism  (b) Dark tourism  (c) Mass tourism  (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel  (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Religious tourism						
(a) Adventure tourism (b) Dark tourism (c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry. (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again. (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Is defined as tourism involving travel to places historically associated with death and tragedy.						
(c) Mass tourism (d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
(d) Religious tourism  8 is the fundamental driver of to industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel  (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class	Dark tourism						
8. ————————————————————————————————————	Mass tourism						
industry.  (a) Hospitality (b) Hotel  (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
(a) Hospitality (b) Hotel (c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	ourism						
(c) Transportation (d) Culture  9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class	industry.						
9 tickets are tickets that allow purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
purchaser to travel to their destination and then again.  (a) First class (b) Second class  (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
again.  (a) First class (b) Second class (c) Round trip (d) Business class							
(c) Round trip (d) Business class	n dack						
•							
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10.	hold the role of selling and administering packages to their personal clients.				
	(a)	Tour packages	(b)	Tour guides	
	(c)	Travel operators	(d)	Travel agents	
		Secti	ion B	$(5 \times 5 = 25)$	
	A	nswer <b>all</b> questions	s, cho	osing either (a) or (b)	
11.	(a)	Define Hotel. Wri	te its	functions.	
			Or		
	(b)	What do you mea American plan.	an by	Meal plan? Write a note on	
12.	(a)	Briefly explain t F and B manager.		uties and responsibilities of	
			Or		
	(b)	Write the duties a	nd re	sponsibilities of Sous chef.	
13.	(a)	Write the different tour	erence rism.	e between Domestic and	
			Or		
	(b)	Briefly explain ab	out a	ny five types of tourists.	
14.	(a)	What do you mean characteristics.	an by	Tourism demand. Write its	
			Or		
	(b)	Write the features	s of D	omestic tourism.	
15.	(a)	How does tourism cultural relations		os in promoting international	
			Or		
	(b)	Write the political	l dime	ensions of Tourism.	
			3	C-5341	

**Section C** 

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) Classify the hotels and explain all.

Or

- (b) Explain the different types of meals and meal plans followed in a star hotel.
- 17. (a) Draw the organizational structure of Housekeeping department and write the duties and responsibilities of all.

Or

- (b) Explain how the Front office department co-ordinates with Housekeeping department.
- 18. (a) Explain the historical development of Tourism in India.

Or

- (b) Explain the nature, components and characteristics of tourism.
- 19. (a) What do you mean by profiling of tourists? Explain its need and importance.

Or

- (b) What are travel and tourism motivators? Explain all the motivators in detail.
- 20. (a) Explain the positive socio-cultural impacts of tourism.

Or

(b) State some measures to reduce the negative sociocultural impacts of tourism.

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Sub. Code

70543

#### M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

#### Fourth Semester

#### **Hospitality Management**

#### HOSPITALITY TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Section A  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. What is the primary rationale for implementing a training program in an organization?
  - (a) To increase employee turnover
  - (b) To improve overall employee performance and productivity
  - (c) To reduce operational costs
  - (d) To replace outdated technology
- 2. How does organizational culture typically impact training programs?
  - (a) It has no effect on training programs
  - (b) It dictates the training methods and content to align with the organization's values and norms
  - (c) It limits the scope of training programs to only include mandatory compliance topics
  - (d) It forces all training to be conducted externally

- 3. What is the primary purpose of the needs assessment process in training?
  - (a) To determine the training budget
  - (b) To identify gaps between current performance and desired outcomes
  - (c) To select training materials
  - (d) To evaluate the effectiveness of past training programs
- 4. Which principle of learning states that learners retain information better when they are actively involved in the learning process?
  - (a) Active Learning
  - (b) Passive Reception
  - (c) Experiential Learning
  - (d) The Spaced Repetition principle
- 5. Which condition is crucial for effective learning to occur?
  - (a) Learners are passive recipients of information
  - (b) The learning environment is noisy and distracting
  - (c) Learners have clear objectives and relevant content
  - (d) Learning materials are excessively complex
- 6. In which stage of the learning cycle do learners apply new knowledge and reflect on their experiences?
  - (a) Concrete Experience
  - (b) Reflective Observation
  - (c) Abstract Conceptualization
  - (d) Active Experimentation

- 7. Which approach to program design focuses on breaking down training into small, manageable units that build upon each other?
  - (a) Modular Design (b) Sequential Design
  - (c) Integrated Design (d) Hierarchical Design
- 8. Which training style involves the trainer actively engaging participants through discussions, role-plays, and interactive exercises?
  - (a) Lecture-Based Training
  - (b) Experiential Training
  - (c) Self-Paced Training
  - (d) Directive Training
- 9. Which of the following is an example of a training aid that enhances learning by providing visual representation and interactivity?
  - (a) Handouts
  - (b) Whiteboard
  - (c) PowerPoint presentations
  - (d) Manuals
- 10. What is a potential benefit of outsourcing training to specialized providers?
  - (a) Decreased flexibility in training content
  - (b) Access to the latest industry-specific expertise and resources
  - (c) Increased administrative burden
  - (d) Higher overall training costs

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

11. (a) Explain the key reasons organizations implement training programs. How does training contribute to overall organizational success?

Or

- (b) Describe the main steps involved in the training process. How does each step contribute to the effectiveness of the training program?
- 12. (a) Identify and describe three primary sources of data used in training needs analysis. How does each source contribute to identifying training needs?

Or

- (b) Discuss the scope of a training needs assessment.
- 13. (a) Describe the key outcomes organizations seek from training programs. How do these outcomes contribute to organizational success?

Or

- (b) Explain the four stages of the learning cycle according to Kolb's Experiential Learning Theory.
- 14. (a) Discuss three critical competencies required for effective training delivery.

Or

(b) Discuss how strong organizational skills benefit trainers in preparing and delivering training programs.

15. (a) Describe three different training methods and explain the advantages and disadvantages of each.

Or

(b) Describe two methods for measuring the return on investment (ROI) in human capital.

Section C  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

16. (a) Discuss the rationale for investing in employee training within an organization.

Or

- (b) Outline the key stages of the training process. How does each stage contribute to the overall success of a training program?
- 17. (a) Explain how each step contributes to ensuring the training is effective and aligned with organizational goals.

Or

- (b) Compare and contrast two major learning theories, such as Behaviorism and Constructivism. Give suitable example.
- 18. (a) How can organizations measure the outcomes of their training programs? Discuss two methods and explain their effectiveness.

Or

(b) Explain how training programs can be designed to accommodate diverse learning needs and styles.

19. (a) Explain three key competencies required for effective training delivery.

Or

- (b) Discuss three different training styles and their effectiveness in different training contexts. Provide examples of situations where each style would be most appropriate.
- 20. (a) Discuss three types of training aids and their role in enhancing the effectiveness of a training program.

Or

(b) Explain how training partnerships can benefit organizations. Discuss two examples of training partnerships and their impact on training effectiveness.

Sub. Code 70544A

# M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

## Fourth Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

#### INTERNATIONAL TOURISM MANAGEMENT

## (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. Which is the largest continent by land area?
  - (a) Africa (b) North America
  - (c) Asia (d) Europe
- 2. What is the term for a deep, narrow valley with steep sides, often formed by glacial activity?
  - (a) Canyon
- (b) Basin
- (c) Fjord
- (d) Gorge
- 3. What is the name of the process by which rocks are broken down into smaller particles through physical or chemical means?
  - (a) Erosion
- (b) Weathering
- (c) Sedimentation
- (d) Lithification

4.	Which type of mountain is formed primarily by tectonic forces, such as the collision of two continental plates?					
	(a)	Volcanic Mountair	ı			
	(b)	Fault-block Mountain				
	(c)	Fold Mountain				
	(d)	Residual Mountain				
5.	What is the famous historical site in Cambodia known for its ancient temples and was once the capital of the Khmer Empire?					
	(a)	Bagan	(b)	Angkor Wat		
	(c)	Borobudur	(d)	Machu Picchu		
6.	Which Japanese city is renowned for its traditional wooden temples, historic geisha districts, and the Fushimi inari Shrine with its thousands of red torii gates?					
	(a)	Tokyo	(b)	Osaka		
	(c)	Kyoto	(d)	Hiroshima		
7.	Which city is known for its iconic Eiffel Tower and is a major tourist destination in France?					
	(a)	Lyon	(b)	Marseille		
	(c)	Paris	(d)	Nice		
8.	Which Australian city is renowned for its Open House and Harbour Bridge, making it a top tourist destination?					
	(a)	Melbourne	(b)	Brisbane		
	(c)	Sydney	(d)	Perth		
			2		C-5343	

	for its large stone circle and is located in Wiltshire, England?			
	(a)	Stonehenge		
	(b)	Tower of London		
	(c)	Buckingham Palace		
	(d)	Big Ben		
		Part B	$(5 \times 5 = 25)$	
	A	nswer all questions, choosing eith	ner (a) or (b).	
11.	(a)	Explain the role of rivers in slandscapes.	haping geographical	
		$\operatorname{Or}$		
	(b)	Discuss the concept of geogratheir significance in world geogra	= -	
12.	(a)	Explain the significance of the Great Indian Desert in terms of physical geography.		
		Or		
	(b)	What are its major features, and the local climate and vegetation	_	
		3	C-5343	

Which city is known for its iconic Golden Gate Bridge and

Which famous landmark in the United Kingdom is known

San Francisco

Seattle

Alcatraz Island, and is located in California, USA?

(b)

(d)

Los Angeles

San Diego

9.

10.

(a)

(c)

13. (a) Discuss the impact of cultural heritage on tourism in Southeast Asia.

Or

- (b) What strategies are being implemented to balance urban development wit tourism sustainability?
- 14. (a) Describe the main attractions in Mauritius and discuss how the island nation's accessibility features contribute to its appeal as a tourist destination.

Or

- (b) Discuss the impact of improved infrastructure on tourism in Nigeria.
- 15. (a) Discuss the major tourist destinations in Germany and how the country's efficient public transportation system facilitates access to these attractions.

Or

(b) Identify key attractions in the UK and analyze how advancements in infrastructure and transportation have impacted visitor accessibility.

**Part C** 
$$(5 \times 8 = 40)$$

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Discuss the impact of the Andes Mountains on the drainage patterns, climate and vegetation of South America. How do these factors interact to shape the regions ecological zones?

Or

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- (b) Discuss the implications for human habitation and agriculture. Analyze how the Sahara Deserts physiography.
- 17. (a) Analyze the role of the major river systems of India (Ganges, Brahmaputra, Indus) in shaping the country's physical landscape and supporting agricultural activities.

Or

- (b) Compare and contrast the physical characteristics of the Western and Eastern Ghats.
- 18. (a) Examine the major tourist attractions in India and discuss how accessibility to these sites has evolved in recent years.

Or

- (b) Discuss the unique attractions of Singapore and evaluate the impact of its accessibility features on tourism.
- 19. (a) Evaluate how the accessibility to historical and cultural sites in Egypt influences tourism, and discuss recent efforts to improve visitor access to these important locations.

Or

(b) Discuss the impact of improved infrastructure on tourism in Nigeria, focusing on how accessibility to attractions like national parks or historical sites has evolved.

20. (a) Describe the main tourist attractions in Spain and analyze how transportation advancements have influenced accessibility to these sites.

Or

(b) Explore the top attractions in Brazil and assess how improvements in infrastructure and transportation have impacted tourism accessibility.

Sub. Code

**70544B** 

## M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025.

#### Fourth Semester

# **Hospitality Management**

# DIGITAL MARKETING AND SEARCH ENGINE OPTIMISATION

#### (2023 onwards)

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Answer all questions.

- 1. Which of the following is the correct depiction of Digital marketing?
  - (a) E-mail Marketing (b) Social Media marketing
  - (c) Web marketing (d) All the above
- 2. ——— is the feature of the marketing.
  - (a) Needs and wants (b) Creating a market offereing
  - (c) Customer value (d) All the above
- 3. The words used to convey the advertisement idea is
  - (a) Advertisement
  - (b) Advertisement research
  - (c) Advertisement copy
  - (d) Advertisement media
- 4. What does SEM stand for in digital marketing?
  - (a) Search Engine Marketing
  - (b) Social Engagement marketing
  - (c) Social Engine Management
  - (d) Strategic Event Management

<b>5</b> .	The main goal of facebook marketing is ———.							
	(a)							
	(b)	To drive website traffic						
	(c)	To generate leads						
	(d)	All the above						
6.	AR refers to ———.							
	(a)	Application Reality						
	(b)	Augmented Reality						
	(c)	Application Reference						
	(d)	Augmented Reference						
7.	In mobile marketing, the full form of LBS is ———.							
	(a)	Location based service						
	(b)	) List based service						
	(c)	Lead based service						
	(d)	Low based service						
8.	Which is the strategic marketing planning tool?							
	(a)	a) A BCG matrix						
	(b)	Market analysis						
	(c)	) Consumer analysis						
	(d)	d) Business opportunity analysis						
9.	SEC	stands for ———.						
	(a)	Site Engine Offer						
	(b) Search Engine Optimisation							
	(c)	(c) Superior Expert Order						
	(d)	Site Efficiency Optimisation						
10.		——— model acts as intermediary between						
	customer and business.							
	(a)	Advertiser model (b) Portal site model						
	(c)	Free access model (d) Virtual mall model						
		2 C-5344						
		2						

Part B  $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Define Marketing. Write its Importance.

Or

(b) Write a brief note on Web Marketing.

12. (a) What do you mean by Digital advertising?

Or

(b) What is Ad rank?

13. (a) Write the concept of Facebook Marketing.

Or

(b) Write a note on

(i) Hashtag

(ii) Live status

14. (a) Define Mobile Marketing. Write its features and importance.

Or

(b) Give a brief note on QR code Marketing.

15. (a) What is plug in architecture in Wordpress.

 $O_1$ 

(b) Briefly explain about the Social media connectivity.

Part C  $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ 

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Explain the various digital marketing strategies in detail.

Or

(b) Explain the various steps for Web marketing Plan.

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17. (a) Explain the different types of Display advertising and various analytical tools used for Display advertising.

Or

- (b) Describe the various models of Mobile advertising and write its advantages.
- 18. (a) What do you mean by Social Media Marketing? List out its advantages.

Or

- (b) List out some of the popular digital marketing tools and explain its features.
- 19. (a) Explain the different Social media strategies used for marketing.

Or

- (b) Describe the process and advantages of Youtube advertising.
- 20. (a) Explain the basic rules to be followed while developing Wordpress Plugins.

Or

(b) Write the difference between the On-site and Off-site SEO. Explain the process of SEO execution.

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